

# COSSACK ARMY PUSHING NORTH PRESIDENT WILSON ASSUMES CHARGE OF IN DNEISTER VALLEY NEAR HALICZ RAILWAY STRIKE DEAL; HOPE EXPRESSED

**Russians Continue to Advance All Along the Line On Galicia Front**

**FRENCH GAIN ON SOMME**

**Allies Drive Bulgarians; Italians Are Pushing Austrians Steadily Backward**

PETROGRAD, Aug. 14.—The southern flank of General von Bothmer's army, which was withdrawn a distance of about ten miles from the Strypa river line, is being vigorously attacked in the sector of Halicz.

Heavy forces of Cossacks which captured Marianopol, are reported to have pushed northward along the Dneister valley, taking Halicz.

Halicz is an important railroad junction lying on the Dneister just north of the point where the Bystrzyca flows into it. The railroad running north from Stanislaw divides at Halicz, one line continuing on to Lemberg and the other branching toward the east and running to Tarnopol.

Despite the resistance of the armies making up the group commanded by Archduke Karl, the Russians continue to advance all along the line in Galicia.

The demoralized Austro-Hungarians are suffering heavy losses, both in casualties and prisoners.

PARIS, Aug. 14.—Fighting was in progress on both banks of the Meuse in the sector of Verdun during the night while on the Somme front the French extended their positions.

North of the Somme river, says the French war office in its official communiqué, there was a violent encounter in the region of Maurepas.

South of the river, the French enlarged their positions and captured elements of a trench at Fay and Denicourt.

On the Verdun front French positions in the sector of Hill No. 304, west of Somme and Fleury, were vigorously attacked by the troops of the German crown prince, but all the assaults were repulsed.

ROME, Aug. 14.—Further progress for the Italians east of Gorizia and the capture of entrenchments were reported by the war office today. Eight hundred more Austro-Hungarian prisoners have been captured.

The official statement says that eastward of Nadlogem (Hill No. 212), Austro-Hungarian entrenchments were pierced.

On the remainder of the front the Austro-Hungarians made attacks but all were repulsed.

## ALLIES DRIVE BULGARIANS.

Italians Close to Tolmino; Russ Still Advancing in Volhynia.

SALONIKI, Aug. 14.—Continuing their progress on the Balkan front, troops of the allies have wrested from the Bulgarians several fortified villages in the Doiran region, it was announced here today. Heavy guns are bombarding the Bulgarian works at Doiran Hill. The villages which have been occupied lie at the base of this height.

Numerous wounded prisoners have been taken by the Anglo-French forces. These describe the bombardment as terrific.

"From Monastir to the Vardar artillery and rifle duels are continuing," the official statement adds. This is a 63-mile front.

ROME, Aug. 14.—Italian forces engaged with the Austrians at the northern end of the Isonzo front have won a victory, penetrating the suburb of Tolmino. A despatch to the Idea Nazionale, from the front reports that the outer suburbs of Tolmino are now firmly in the hands of the Italians. In the region east of Gorizia, the Italians continue their advance and have captured several more important Austro-Hungarian positions, making many prisoners.

Although the Austro-Hungarians were reinforced and their army has been reformed they have been unable to check the progress of the Duc D'Aoas army. Lieut. Gen. Count Luigi Cadorna, chief of the Italian general staff, who went to the captured city of Gorizia after it fell, has published a proclamation threatening to shoot all Austro-Hungarian prisoners caught wearing Italian uniforms having explosive bullets in their possession.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 14.—Austro-German forces holding the upper Sereth river line have retreated westward to previously fortified positions, the Russian war office announced today.

In Volhynia, the Germans under

## Slaughtering Cattle to Feed Border Troops



KILLING CATTLE FOR BORDER TROOPS

This scene of an outdoor abattoir on the Mexican border shows the methods used in killing cattle by butchers for the

United States troops. The chief quartermaster of the department of the south has called for bids to supply beef to the

troops for a period of three months, dating from September 1, 1916.

## ASLEEP AT THE SWITCH RUSSELL LOSES DELPHOS AND ST. MARYS SITES

By David W. Bowman.

That the Lima post office will become a factor in the coming congressional campaign, and that republicans are trying to make it appear that Congressman Russell really had something to do with the appropriation, begin to seem like not only possibilities, but probabilities. The fact that republican leaders pounced upon the proposed new building as a boost for the Sidney man lends color to the report that Russell will seek voice in Lima for his "service" in the case.

Investigation fails to show where Russell has done this, or anything else calculated to make him votes. Aside from the eminent and noble duty performed for Ft. Loramie, in securing an ancient cannon and a stack of shells, the Congressional Record is devoid of achievements accomplished by the Shelby county attorney. Here we see the federal department requesting the congressman to introduce a bill, and at once

the republicans grab it and wave it about as an example of the way Russell looks after the needs of his constituency.

As a matter of fact, Joshua Edward was asleep at the switch. Any other congressman would have been up and after a site long before it became necessary to enlarge the office. Most congressmen look for places in need of post offices, but the department of the treasury had to hunt up Russell. He wasn't in evidence at the post office dispensary. Instead of seeing a representative introducing the bill on his own hook it is in this case a matter of the treasury department looking for Russell to give him the bill to introduce.

No, J. Ed. wasn't on the job in this case, and that naturally brings up the question as to what he has been doing the past two years. The roll call shows that he has been

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## CARS ASSEMBLED TO TAKE OHIO TROOPS

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 14.—Continued assembling of Pullman sleepers in various railroad yards here today supported the belief that Ohio militiamen will be dispatched to the Mexican border this week. For a couple of weeks, those cars have been held at Chicago and St. Louis. Railroad officials said that while they have received no direct orders from the war department they are placing credence in newspaper reports of contemplated early movement of troops and will have sufficient cars here by Wednesday.

Col. Bargar, commanding the Fourth regiment, expects the balance of equipment needed by his men to arrive tonight. This includes about 100 extra pair of woolen breeches and a few ponchos and coats. Bargar expects his regiment will be ordered to entrain for the south not later than Thursday.

Col. Vollrath, commanding the Eighth regiment, said several military units at Camp Willis can move to the border at once if needed. He said that while complete equipment has not been furnished, the men are reasonably equipped.

## ONIONS TO BE PLENTIFUL.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—Ohio's onion crop will be about six times as large this year as last, according to the forecast of the department of agriculture. The forecast of production this year is 1,834,492 bushels grown on 5,302 acres; last year on 2,667 acres 272,034 bushels were produced. Indiana, which is also a large onion producer, is expected to have a crop about three times as large as last year, the forecast being for 1,586,440 bushels as against a yield of 564,880 bushels last year.

## Brotherhood Leaders at White House Hear Executive's Proposal to Settle

## MANAGERS ARE CALLED

**No Official Statement Authorized But Mediator Chambers Is Optimistic As to Result**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—Definite hope that President Wilson will be able to propose a basis for settlement of the differences that threaten a complete tie-up of the railroads of the country, was expressed in official circles today following a conference between the executives and the representatives of the great railway brotherhoods. From 10:20 until 11:55 the president and the union labor leaders discussed the general situation. When the session broke up the president sent word to the representatives of the railway managers that he would meet with them at 3 o'clock this afternoon. It is believed that he now has a definite opinion that he will suggest to them. Until then, it was stated by all of the parties to the conference, that no statement would be made of what has or will transpire. It is hoped by the president and his advisers that a joint conference can be arranged for late today.

## BREMEN REPORTED OFF NEW LONDON

NEW LONDON, Conn., Aug. 14.—

A lookout watching for the German submarine Bremen today reported what appeared to be a submarine slightly awash approaching Fishers Island, 12 miles from New London.

The craft was about ten miles off Bradley Point on the south side of the island and was too far away and too much submerged to make out through the glass anything definite as to her identity. The craft was headed for New London but up to 11 o'clock had not appeared in the race, through which she would have to pass to get into New London harbor.

At 1 o'clock this afternoon the wireless operator at Fishers Island reported that he has seen a foreign submarine east of Montauk Point and that she was apparently testing. He was positive that it was an underwater boat and that she was unarmored and that she was unarmored. He tried to get into communication with the vessel but said that although her wireless was working his apparatus was pitched too high to get any of the messages.

## XENIA SCHOOL HEAD CHOSEN

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 14.—J. M. Ritter, superintendent of the Ironton public schools, today was chosen superintendent of the school of the Xenia soldiers and sailors orphans home by the trustees of the institution. The appointment is effective September 1, and pays \$1200 a year together with maintenance and expenses. There were several applications for the place.

## Bombardment Shakes Ground Like an Uninterrupted Quake

PARIS, August 14.—"The capture of the third line of the German defense from Hardecourt to the Somme was preceded by a bombardment so intense for a radius of 20 kilometres that the ground seemed to be shaken by an uninterrupted earthquake," says La Liberté's correspondent in the north of France.

"In the trenches the infantry watched the formidable artillery preparations," the correspondent adds, "waiting patiently for the moment to reach the assault. Finally, as if obeying an order which had been heard simultaneously on the entire front, the batteries suddenly ceased fire. The silence which succeeded the great uproar lasted only a few minutes.

"Several blows on the whistle were given and orders passed along. The clanking of the bayonets being adjusted could be heard. A few seconds more and there was a tumult of confused forces and a shout of 'Forward!'

"Human forms surged from black holes, running madly forward. The noise of the warning sirens of the adversary and the cracking of their machine guns, told that the

It is believed that at the conference with the brotherhood representatives that the president was told that they had been compelled to refuse arbitration under the terms suggested by the federal board of conciliation because they did not believe that the board realized the importance of their demands. The president, it was definitely learned, insisted that under no circumstances will the public sanction a strike.

On leaving the conference, President Garretson of the Conductors, said:

"We cannot talk now. Anything we might say of whatever nature might seriously embarrass the president at this time."

Asked point blank whether they had not agreed upon a proposition which the president was to submit to the railroad managers, the labor spokesmen replied:

"On that point, you must ask the president."

A statement of the side of the railroads was prepared and it was agreed that it should be read to the chief executive by Ellsha Lee, chairman of the board of managers. The labor leaders, the managers seemed hopeful that a strike would be prevented.

Reports that the men had asked the president to act as arbitrator in person were widely circulated. No official statement on this report or on another that three members of the cabinet might be asked to act could be obtained from any of the interested parties.

Judge Chambers of the mediation board, who acted as spokesman of the president in arranging the conference was optimistic in his belief that an agreement would be reached that would prevent a general strike.

## PRESIDENT TAKES UP STRIKE

Drops Other Business to Meet Representatives of Roads and Men.

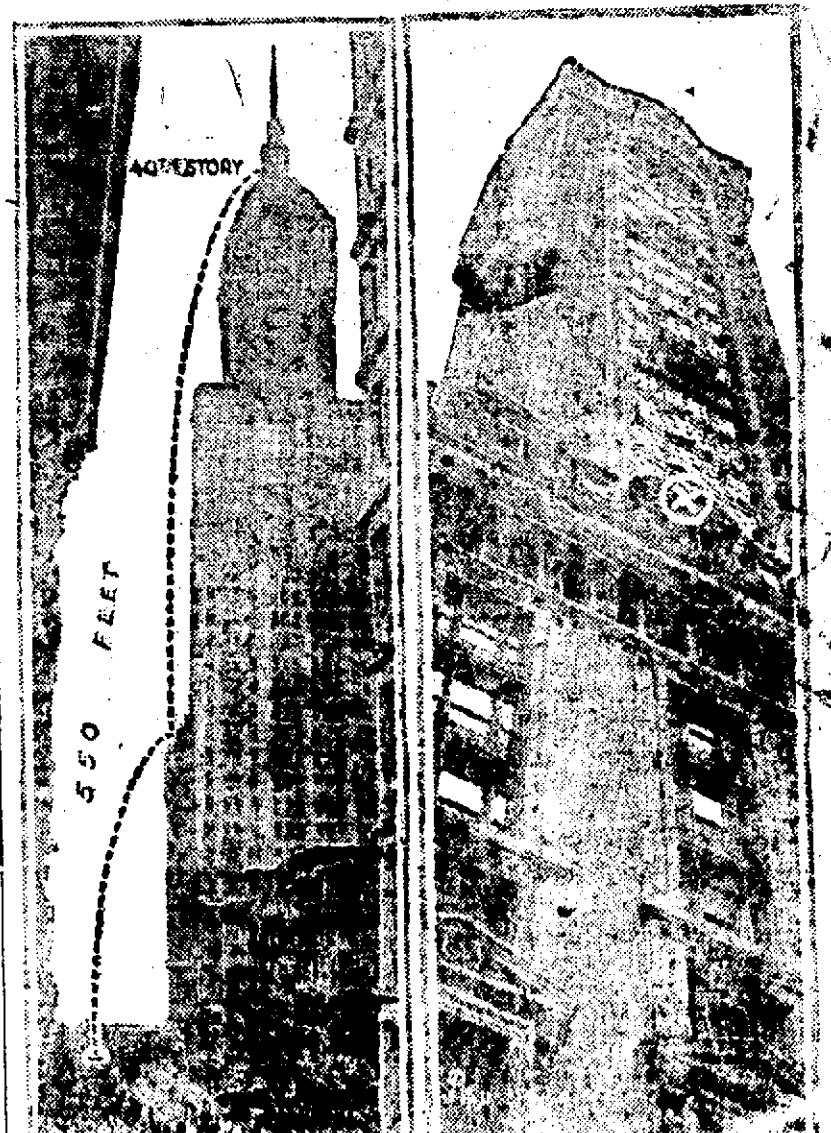
WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—President Wilson today personally assumed charge of the efforts to prevent the threatened general strike on 225 railroad systems of the country. He directed the temporary cancellation of all engagements for the day including some with leading senators and representatives—and sent word to the railroad officials and union leaders who came from New York on the midnight train that he was ready to meet them at once and would be at their service as long as necessary.

The president received a complete report of the exact situation through Secretary Tumulty almost before he was out of bed. This report has been compiled by W. L. Chambers, one of the federal mediators, and was a complete record of all of the developments since the initial effort was made to prevent the threatened strike. While the text of the report was confidential it is understood that it emphasized the refusal of the union leaders to consider arbitration.

The president conferred with some of his closest advisers last night against early this morning. It was announced with authority that he had no opinion whatever on the merits of the controversy between the railroads and the unions. What he wanted, it was explained was to avert a general strike and this he was determined to do if possible. There seemed to be a general feeling in administration circles that the president would be able to get the two factions together on a compromise plan although it was expected to prove at least an all-day task.

Officials of the administration were more gravely concerned over

## The Longest Leap Ever Made By a Suicide



Looking Up From Broadway, Circle Shows Where Goldman Struck at Thirteenth Floor. Albert Goldman leaped from the observation tower at the fortieth story of the Singer building in New York to his death. In doing that he jumped from a greater height than any other suicide has ever done.

Many have leaped from the Brooklyn bridge, but in doing that they did not drop more than 115 feet. There are three great towers in New York—that of the Woolworth building, the Metropolitan and the Singer, but this is the first time a suicide has had sufficient nerve to leap from one of them.

## DROWNED AS CANOE UPSETS

PORTSMOUTH, O., Aug. 14.—C. H. Sutton, 30, of Meadville, Pa., was drowned when a canoe hit a submerged tree and capsized. His three companions were rescued.

## HEARING POSTPONED

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 14.—The Utilities Commission today postponed the date of hearing the Eastern Ohio Coal rate case from Sept. 5 to 12. Both sides requested it.

the threatened strike than over any problem that has troubled the administration. It was reported that if the general stop was permitted to go into effect all of the progress made to date in trying to reconcile capital and labor would be lost. Already there are evidences of bitterness between the combined railroad brotherhoods and the railroad presidents and officials admitted that if a general strike were permitted no one could guess what the outcome would be.

The president, it was admitted, intended to make it plain to both sides that the rights of the public were too deeply involved to permit a strike. While it was made very plain by officials that there was no intention of making threats, the president has let it be known that, with Congress in session, before he will allow traffic of the nation to be tied up he will appear in person before a joint session and demand legislation that would preclude any strike.

Already the president has in his hands the authority to take over and operate the railroads if he so desires. The Hay-Chamberlain army bill, now a law, is drastic in the authority it gives the president in case of an emergency. And with practically the entire national guard on the border depending for food and supplies on the uninterrupted service of the railroads, officials say the emergency contemplated by the army bill would be present if a strike were ordered. In addition there is the matter of the interference with the United States mail. The law on this subject, officials say, go not only for first class mail but also for all classes including parcels post. If he so desired the president could compel the movement of all trains carrying any sort of mail under pain of prosecution.

But officials insisted today that there was no such intention on the part of the president. He hoped, they said, to reconcile the differences between the brotherhoods and the railroads so that all bitter feeling would be eliminated.

The president's position as outlined in the telegram to both sides which received in the transfer of the negotiations to this city was in part as follows:

"A general strike of the railways would at any time have a far-reaching and injurious effect on the country. At this time the effect might be disastrous. I feel that I have the right, therefore, to request, and I do hereby request, as the head of the government, that, before any final decision is arrived at, I may have a personal conference with you here."

The president also made it plain in his call how deeply he was disappointed over the failure of the railroads and the brotherhoods to reach an agreement.

One of the knotty problems which confronted the conference at the White House was how to reach a common ground of understanding.

The position of the men, as enunciated by A. B. Garretson, president of the Order of Railway Conductors, was as follows:

"The railroads forced us to reject arbitration by their indifference to our demands. They never have made an honest effort to bring about a settlement since the present controversy began. They said that they offered to mediate our demands, but they have religiously refrained from offering to mediate anything in return or to make their own position clear. At no time have they indicated a desire to meet us half way and we could do nothing with them."

When the thirty-four representatives of the railway brotherhoods and nineteen of the railway managers reached here this morning, they went directly to a local hotel for breakfast. All were in a very serious mood although there was a spirit of hopefulness expressed. Both sides said they hoped that the president had a new plan upon which they could agree, but in the absence of any direct information as to the chief executive's plan, they would not talk about the situation.

Secretary Tumulty assured the committees that the president would consult their convenience as to the hour of the conference. The tentative plan was for a general reticulation session during the morning at which the president would define his reasons why a strike cannot be permitted and would suggest some plan for discussion. If this plan did not prove acceptable, then it was expected that after luncheon all of the plans heretofore suggested by the conciliation board would be taken up and discussed to determine whether a compromise plan could not be evolved from them.

Mediation Commissioner Chambers went into conference with President Wilson at 9:20. At that hour the two committees representing the brotherhoods and the railroads were waiting in their hotels for the summons to come to the White House.

Mediator Chambers was with the president more than half an hour and then went directly to the National hotel to escort the representatives of the brotherhoods to the White House. He refused to discuss his conference with the president, but said that the brotherhood representatives would see the president first, and then the representatives of the managers.

Informal conferences between the representatives of the brotherhoods and the railroads took place at their hotels while they waited for the order to come to the White House. After he had talked with his associates, President Garretson, acting as spokesman for the men said:

"Nothing has happened to change our attitude towards any arbitration proposition. This situation after all means simply that the men have demanded the eight-hour day and intend to have it. Naturally that is not a question for arbitration while the railroad managers maintain their present position."

The railroad managers insisted that they had nothing to add to their statement made last night in New York that they wanted to avert a

strike. Eliza Lee, chairman of the committee, said: "It is now all up to the president. We can do no more, we offered concessions but they were not accepted. 'The railroads simply cannot grant the demands of the men without facing bankruptcy.'"

Meanwhile the feeling seemed to be growing that the railroad managers wanted the president to agree to aid them to secure the right to increase rates should they be forced eventually to grant material concessions to the men. It was argued that, while the president has no control over the interstate commerce commission, he has great influence with that body and if he should intimate that he would support the roads in their original demands to increase their rates, only a part of which was granted them when last made, the railroads might be more willing to make concessions to the brotherhoods.

## CLEVELAND HAPPY; MILK STRIKE ENDS

CLEVELAND, Aug. 14.—The welcome sight of bottles of milk and cream on the porches this morning apprised the 500,000 Clevelanders who have been deprived of milk delivery for four days that the strike of milk wagon drivers of the Telling, Belle Vernon company and the Schneider-Becker Dairy company had ended.

Strike leader Thomas J. Farrell today declared the settlement of the strike was a complete victory for the men. The agreements were signed late Sunday by officers of the two milk companies and of the union.

The agreement provides a wage scale of \$30 a month for the first six months; \$35 for the second six months; \$42.50 a month thereafter. The men are to be paid weekly and have two days off each month.

Mayor Harry L. Davis is credited with bringing about the settlement. State Conciliators C. H. Mayhugh and Geo. F. Miles aided materially.

**FOLDING CARD TABLES.**  
The kind that sold at \$2.50 to \$3.50 regularly. Price now \$1.85.  
**HARMAN'S PROFIT SHARING SALE.**

**HELD FOR BOOTLEGGING.**

Kid Brown, 307 N. Union street, and Charles Sawyer, rear 309 E. Wayne street, arrested on the charge of bootlegging, were arraigned in Justice Hamilton's court this morning and pleaded not guilty.

Charles Simon and Joe Hunter, arrested for selling intoxicating liquors on Sunday were also arraigned in Justice Hamilton's court this morning and pleaded not guilty. Both cases are set for Wednesday. The bond is set at \$200 each. They are confined to the county jail.

## MRS ELIZA KNEER ASKS FOR DIVORCE

Mrs. Eliza Kneer of 229 East Second street, today asked the court for divorce from Charles J. Kneer, to whom she was married on July 13, 1893. Six children were born to them.

That he violently assaulted her and on August 11, came home in an intoxicated condition, abused and called her names and assaulted the son, Franklin G. Kneer, is one charge made. A gash over half an inch in length was cut above his left eye, she says, while Kneer slapped her and it was necessary to arrest him to prevent him from further injuring them.

For six months he has been habitually drunk, Mrs. Kneer says. He does not give her any of his wages, she claims.

The petition states he has threatened to kill her and the son, Franklin, 22 years old. Other children are Carl P., 21 years; Edwin L., 19; Rosetta Ann, 15; Edna A., 13; and Alvina N., 11 years old.

Mrs. Kneer asked for and was granted a temporary restraining injunction, preventing Kneer from going to their home on East Second street and from interfering with her, in any way, with the custody of the minor children. He can not sell or encumber the property, which he owns, on East Second street.

## SEPTEMBER COURT TO OPEN ON FIFTH

The September term of court will open on Tuesday, September 5, the day previous being the original time, but as that is Labor day, Tuesday will be opening day. Within the next few days, the grand and petit juries for this term will be named.

At that time the court will get down to the usual grind, after the heated season. While Judge William Klinger kept faithfully to his duties during the summer, the docket has piled up and there will be many cases to dispose of.

If the plans of Prosecutor Barr are carried out, the grand jury soon to be named, will open up the investigation of the John F. Hauenstein murder case, as the prosecutor expects to lay new evidence before the grand jury.

The docket for the September term is now being made up by the deputy clerk of courts, Miss Ella C. Macken. Assignment of cases will not be made until about time for court to open, when Judge Klinger will call the docket.

## UNREQUITED LOVE ALLEGED CAUSE OF MAN'S TRAGIC END

Ben Butler Pursuing Woman, Severs Artery in Glass Door.

Benjamin F. Butler, 32, paid the penalty of alleged jealous frenzy Saturday afternoon with his life. Butler bled to death from arteries severed when he thrust his arm through the glass in the door of an elevator in the Uhlman hotel, Union and Market streets, in a vain attempt to reach Mrs. Alice Tomlin, following a pursuit which started at Lake View.

The story was told by the woman after a melodramatic pursuit which saw its tragic ending in the downtown hotel lobby. Three months ago, according to Mrs. Tomlin, Butler met her at her home, 178 S. Jackson street, and though she was married he became infatuated with her. She did not return the affection the man professed and met his attentions with rebuffs. Finally Butler's persistence, the woman says, caused her to become estranged from her husband, with whom she was living. Then Butler sought to influence her to obtain a divorce. This she refused to do, and he threatened her life, she told police.

Butler found that she was in Lake View and went there. She tried, she says, to evade him and Saturday started for Lima on an electric car. Butler spied her as she caught the car and he managed to get aboard a trailer. During the twenty-mile trip into the city, she says, Butler's eye never was taken from her. She recalled his threats and when the car reached Lima fled from the interurban station to the Uhlman hotel where the tragedy occurred.

Funeral services for Butler, who died at the city hospital Saturday night, from loss of blood, will be held Tuesday forenoon at 10 o'clock at the residence of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Butler of 730 North Union street. The Rev. Warren J. Dunham, pastor of Grace Methodist church, will officiate. Interment will be at Woodlawn.

## ROTARIANS ARE TO ATTEND PERRY TWP. PICNIC WEDNESDAY

Members of the Lima Rotary club will attend the Perry Township improvement association's all-day picnic at Stop 7, Springfield Ave, Wednesday, as the result of action taken at the noonday luncheon at the Lima house today. J. A. Becker, representing the former organization, was a guest at the luncheon, and addressed the Rotarians on the hidden opportunities which might be opened up by closer communication between city and country.

Plans for the picnic, which will undoubtedly attract many local business men and their families on a double mission of pleasure and business, include special emphasis on the work of the Perry township school system. The Lima men who attend, however, have in view the increasing of the familiarity of the neighboring townships with the possibilities in Lima as a purchasing center.

Discussion of the functions of the newly-formed Gridiron formed a large part of the theme for the meeting. Admission to the latter body is dependent on membership in the Rotary club, the Gridiron serving more as a training school for after-dinner speakers. Conflicting claims of jurisdiction regarding the settlement of Rotary problems were ironed out by the final decision that the two bodies had separate functions lapsing at no point.

Guests at the session were J. A. Becker of Perry township, Mr. Earl of Evans and Thomas Hardware company, and Lester Schnitzer John W. Roby, a new member, made his debut as a Rotarian. Second Vice President Emmett R. Curtin presided. Music was furnished by the Misses Ruth Barden, soprano, and Edna Peate, pianist.

## FIVE KILLED IN ARKANSAS STORM

MEMPHIS, Tenn., August 14.—Five persons were killed, 17 injured when a tornado swept over the town of Edmondson, Arkansas, early today. 12 buildings in the place were blown down.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., August 14.—Although reports today from the southeast indicate that Toxaway and Seneca rivers were rising rapidly as the waters from Lake Toxaway which burst through the dam last night, roll seaward there has been no loss of life, as far as known. Lake Toxaway was drained in about two hours after the first break occurred. Except for damage to the crops in the low lying sections along the Seneca and Toxaway rivers no considerable loss below is anticipated.

## Asleep at the Switch Russell Loses Delphos and St. Mary's Sites

(Continued from page one)

In attendance, and occasionally on a big measure he has turned up on one side or other. Beyond that there isn't a lot of evidence to prove that Russell was ever sworn in at Washington. He voted against the tabling of the Melmore resolution warning Americans from armed merchantmen, which was killed on President Wilson's denunciation. The administration took the attitude that no question of expediency took precedence over questions of right and wrong, and that no matter whether an armed ship were safe or not, the ship was entitled to warning as per international law. Russell stuck to the short end of the argument and voted to pass the measure, which would have tied the hands of the department of state on the submarine controversy.

The only other time Russell's vote attracted attention was on the big army bill, when he was again in the minority. But the fact that he hasn't done anything has become of importance in more than one way since the post office site started a discussion.

The minute the republicans began to assert that Russell had an influence in starting the Lima appropriation, observers of things political began to sit up and recall past events. The fact that the treasury department requested Joshua to do the trick so soon after the primary, with the animosity of the first few days still partly remaining, seems responsible for the speed with which the republicans grabbed the bill as campaign material to bolster up Russell's tottering chances for re-election.

But—and here's where the democratic observers have the goods on Russell as a congressman asleep at the switch—the records for the past two years fail to reveal any action of any nature whatever connecting the Sidney product with any appropriations save pension bills—and of course the antique bronze cannon, carriage, flag and stack of balls for Ft. Loramie.

When J. Henry Goetz was in congress he secured appropriations for Delphos and St. Marys. Each was allotted \$15,000 for the purchase of a site for a new postoffice. That was shortly before the 1914 primary. Russell was elected in that year, and has now been a member of congress for nearly two years. Since that time both the Delphos and St. Marys appropriations have been cancelled by the treasury department because Russell has taken no interest and has not pushed the plans for the buildings.

That knocks in the head the republican claim that Russell got the \$30,000 for Lima. Since the Delphos and St. Marys postoffice proposals have been dropped by the department of the treasury, especially after Goetz had pushed both cases through the appropriation-for-site class, Russell's adherents will have a hard time proving that he has pushed the Lima postoffice or anything else except pensions, cadships and the Ft. Loramie cannon.

"How could I have done any bolting when I wasn't here?" demanded Benjamin F. Welty this morning when shown a statement made by a Sidney republican paper, that he had helped knife N. W. Cunningham in 1914.

"That's just a little side play by the republicans to try and start trouble on the democratic side," he continued. "If there is any chance for the republicans to kick up a democratic split, they'll do it. I don't believe they can, however. The attempt was made during the campaign to fasten on me the title of 'bolter', but I soon called the bluff. And the republicans can't make any headway now by that method."

As a matter of fact, documentary evidence substantiates Mr. Welty's claim that he was not implicated in the 1914 primary and had no connection with the Goetz-Cunningham fray of two years ago. He was then engaged in prosecuting the plumbers' trust as a special attorney for the federal department of justice. His trust-busting was then being staged in Iowa. Late in July 36 indictments were returned by the federal grand jury in that jurisdiction—Ben was the prosecutor in charge, and had no time to get home and mix up in the campaign.

The primary of 1914 was on August 11. Welty came home just long enough to vote and was immediately ordered to Erie, Pennsylvania, where he tackled another flock of plumbers. About 35 more were indicted late in September. Ben was responsible for that. At once he was transferred to Utah, and at Salt Lake City he hooked 17 more lawbreakers on October 29, less than ten days before the November election at which Cunningham was defeated by Russell.

"So you can see," he stated, after digging up the records, "that I wasn't around here knifeing anybody. I voted for Mr. Cunningham and had no knowledge of any arrangements to defeat him."

The statement in the Sidney Republican refers to Welty as "Ben Bolt", and is addressed to those democrats who supported other candidates before the recent primary. It is obviously an attempt to stir up trouble in the democratic camp, which accounts for the unqualified statement that Candidate Welty is a bolter of the 1914 class. This he indignantly denies, with documentary proof.

Welty returned yesterday from Berne, Indiana, where he had gone Thursday to test from the campaign. As soon as he ascertained his nomination to be settled he took to the Hoosier village to recuperate. On

## FT. AMANDA PICNIC PLANS ARE COMPLETE

Governor Willis and Judge Bailey to be Orators Wednesday.

The committee on arrangements for the big celebration and picnic, to be held at Fort Amanda on next Wednesday, has announced Governor Frank B. Willis will attend and deliver an address. Governor Willis will be in Lima to attend the Perry township school picnic and will be driven over to Fort Amanda afterward. H. D. Bowsher, farmers' institute speaker, of Buckland, will preside.

Other speakers will be Judge John P. Bailey of Ottawa, and Colonel William Rueler of Shawnee township. Mrs. Esther Swan Lathrop and Howard L. Kay will provide a duet. The Spencerville band will furnish music throughout the day. It will be a get-together meeting on the road-building project.

Fort Amanda is about 12 miles southwest of Lima, in Auglaize county. R. R. Kennedy of Spencerville, is chairman of the committee on arrangements and Dr. J. H. Blattenberg of Lima, is president of the committee on decorations. Residents of the two counties will attend.

It is the object of the meeting to formulate plans to get all roads leading to Ft. Amanda repaired and placed in such a condition that tourists may go to and from the historical spot any time of the year and view the monument and other sights of interest to visitors. If the plans of promoters are carried out and they can secure the necessary funds to finance the project. It is the object of the committee in charge to make this place one of the most beautiful in northwestern Ohio.

## WANT U. S. ACTION TO END POLYGAMY AMONG MORMONS

WARSAW, Ind., Aug. 14.—Among the drastic actions advocated by the National Reform association in its crusade against Mormonism and being discussed at the Christian Citizenship Institute at Winona Lake, are:

A constitutional amendment to forbid polygamy and polygamous living.

Proceeding by the department of justice to force an accounting of the property which was restored to the Mormon kingdom in trust.

Proceeding to dissolve the Mormon kingdom property trusteeship as a combination in restraint of trade.

An order by the postoffice department withholding the privileges of the mail from the Mormon kingdom and its responsible officers so long as they teach the crime of polygamy.

Refusal by each house of Congress to seat any man who pays political allegiance to the Mormon kingdom or is elected by its power.

Among the speakers on the program to discuss the Mormon question, president at large of the National Order of Anti-Polygamy Crusaders, former Senator Frank Cannon of Utah; Mrs. Lulu Loveland Shepard of Utah, one of the leaders in the crusade against polygamy, and a number of former Mormon leaders who have been converted.

## NAVAL RECRUITING STATION TO OPEN IN LIMA TUESDAY

According to information received from Cincinnati a recruiting station accepting applicants for the navy will be established in this city tomorrow. Although it is not known just where the headquarters of the recruiting station will be located it is likely that it will be in the federal building.

Lieutenant Archibald McGlasson, in charge of the Cincinnati navy recruiting station will arrive in this city tomorrow accompanied by Chief Turret Captain William McDonald, Jr., and Master-at-Arms William Muech, both heroes of Vera Cruz. Owing to the demand for good men in the navy, it is likely that the stringent examination for entrance to the navy will be modified.

Those acquainted with affairs of the war department state that although for the past few months much attention has been given to the army, it is not likely that needs of the navy will be overlooked.

**BURNED TO DEATH**

PORT CLINTON, O., Aug. 14.—Prudence Morcan, 87, was burned to death in her home today when the house caught on fire from an overheated kitchen stove.

## POWDER PRICE UP; MINERS ON STRIKE

ATHENS, O., Aug. 14.—Despite their orders to return to their work this morning, 2500 miners employed in nine big mines in the Hocking coal field, refused to obey, and the mines are still idle. The men struck late last week because the operators raised the price of mining powder. State President John Moore, of the miners' organization last Saturday evening ordered the strikers to return to work pending the outcome of a joint conference in Columbus today. The situation is serious as the men in this instance refused to obey the orders of their official, for the first time in years.

**PAY YOUR TELEPHONE BILLS ON OR BEFORE THE 15th AND SAVE THE DISCOUNT.**

## ROOSEVELT SOON WILL START HIS STUMPING TRIPS

Republican Leaders Anxiously Await Text of First Campaign Speech.

Believe Furious Assaults on Hyphenated Americans May Cost Votes.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—Republican leaders are awaiting with nervousness which they do not attempt to conceal, the appearance of Col. Theodore Roosevelt on the stump.

The "colonel" is going to be a big figure in the campaign. Those who know best how he takes hold of things express more than a slight apprehension that he may elbow Charles E. Hughes to one side and loom up as the great central figure of the campaign. The danger, as the doubting Thomases see it, is that in the very fervor of his enthusiasm he may bring the Roosevelt ideas and policies to the fore and so fill the public mind with them that the people may forget what Candidate Hughes stands for.

This nervous feeling has been accentuated among the party leaders in congress since it has become known that the colonel is to do a big speaking stunt over the country from the rear end of a special train, interspersing the railroad stops with set speeches in many of the big cities of the country. The first of these Rooseveltian tours to be announced in a three-days' swing through Kentucky, with special attention to the mountain region of that state wherein it is to be found the bulk of the republican vote.

Knowing Col. Roosevelt temperamentally, as the leaders do, they can not imagine that it will be possible for him to tour the country without giving vehement expression to his opinions on hyphenated Americans and it is the effect of ultra denunciation of this character which they most dread.

In Kentucky, especially, Henry Watterson, editor of the Courier-Journal, has been exceedingly bitter and vitriolic in denouncing the kaiser and the kaiser's sympathizers in America and the republicans have nursed a very optimistic hope that a large share of the Kentucky German-American vote might be induced gently into the republican column; but should Roosevelt go up and down Kentucky bitterly arraigning the same foreign influence which Col. Watterson has spent the last few years in condemning the republican protects for, opposing this vote might dwindle.

As the leaders view the situation, Col. Roosevelt is capable of doing a great deal of good to the cause of Mr. Hughes and conversely, there is a possibility that by his well-known impulsiveness he may do a great deal of irreparable harm. He has a large following of erstwhile progressives and near-progressives and it is believed that by going among them and stating his reasons for supporting Hughes he may lead many of them to his way of thinking. On the other hand, if he launches out with smashing attacks on hyphenated Americans, that will be another matter. The Hughes leaders privately bank heavily on obtaining the great mass of the German vote that is normally democratic. They want that vote just the same as they want every other element in the electorate that they can get. They do not want it, or any portion of it, driven away.

Colonel Roosevelt will fire the first gun of his trans-continental campaign at Lewistown, Me., on August 31 and the politicians of both parties will await the text of that speech with a great deal of interest, not to say some trepidation. Acquaintance with the Rooseveltian character is not conducive to the belief that the colonel would tolerate any censorship of his speeches, or any suggestions as to what he should say. He will not be as quiet and delicate a political partner of Mr. Hughes as William Jennings Bryan is of President Wilson. Just now President Wilson is not having the slightest trouble with the Commander.

Not so with Col. Roosevelt. It is gravely feared that the colonel will want to be the whole orchestra.

A want ad in the Times-Democrat will bring quick results.

## THE IDLER

The Stuckey family will hold their annual reunion at Scott's park, east of Delphos, Wednesday. The annual meetings of the Stuckey family are attended by several hundred of the family and connections.

Cletus Flanagan, son of William Flanagan, of Delphos, was subjected to an operation for abscess of the head, at the City hospital. He is in a serious condition.

Letter Carrier C. E. Strawbridge occupied the pulpit of the Second Baptist church last evening, delivering his lecture, "Making an Opportunity," to an audience that nearly filled the auditorium. On next Sunday morning he will speak at the High Street U. B. church in the absence of the Rev. G. W. Lilly, who is away for vacation.

Ray Haffner, son of Charles Haffner, of West Minister, was removed to the City hospital from his home, ten miles east of Lima.

The new home of the Loyal Order of Moose, formerly the D. J. O'Day residence at West and North streets, will be formally opened to the public tomorrow evening. A reception for all Moose and their families and the public in general, will be held at the home. A lawn fete has been planned under the auspices of the drill and degree team.

Dr. S. I. Davis, former pastor of the Congregational church of this city, but for the past six months in charge of the pulpit of the Bethel church, at Nanticoke, Pennsylvania, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Summers of Atlantic avenue.

John Donovan, arrested yesterday for speeding on West Market street, was arraigned in police court this morning and pleaded guilty. He was fined \$1 and costs. Ira Fisher, Mikko Holleran, William E. Lampher, John Norval and Joe Simon were arraigned in police court this morning on a charge of drunkenness. Each were fined \$1 and costs.

Mrs. Minnie Waltz was today appointed administratrix of the estate of Mary Emma Baughman, who died August 2. The estate amounts to \$1,233.13. She gave bond in the sum of \$2,500, with J. G. Waltz and Mrs. Ella Mounts as sureties.

The annual reunion of the Millikin and Moore families will be held on Thursday in Jackson township park near Lafayette. A picnic dinner and a musical and literary program will be features.

Action paving the way for \$500,000 improvements to the Lake Erie and Western yards and shops in Lima will be taken at a special meeting of the city council, Monday night. An ordinance prepared by the railroad, granting permission for the construction of eleven tracks across the Wapakoneta road, will be up for consideration.

Another new factory is to be added to Lima's industries. O. S. Guss, of Delphos, inventor of the emergency auto wheel, will open a plant here as soon as he can find a location. The emergency wheel is attached to an ordinary auto wheel when a hub breaks or a flat tire is troublesome and runs on the same power.

William Hooks, chief embalmer for the Floyd Whitely undertaking company, will resume his duties in a few days. Mr. Hooks has been suffering from blood poisoning, which affected his left hand, which he contracted while caring for a colored corpse. He has been off duty for some weeks.

Miss Anna Connors of the Carter and Carroll Dry Goods store, left Saturday for New York, to purchase goods for fall trade.

**BED ROOM SUITE.**  
Finest Circassian Walnut; beautiful princess dresser and chiffonier to match, with an elegant Brass Bed, regular \$112.50. Special, for \$87.50.  
**HARMAN'S PROFIT SHARING SALE.**

**MARRIAGE LICENSES.**

A marriage license was issued Saturday afternoon to Harley Albert Fairchild, 30, craneman, of Marion, Ohio, and Pearl Ivy J. Lump, 26, domestic, of Lima.

## ANOTHER DECLINE IN LIMA OIL NOTED

Forecasting another decline in eastern crude oils, the Magnolia Petroleum company (Standard) reduced six grades of Oklahoma oils ten cents the barrel today. It also cut the prolific Heidt pool product to 45 cents the barrel.

**FINDLAY, O., Aug. 14.**—Oil took another drop of five cents per barrel this morning with the exception of Plymouth grade, which suffered the seasonal drop of 30 cents per barrel. New prices are North and South Lima 145; Indiana 129; Wooster 105; Illinois and Princeton 147; Plymouth 118.

**Low Shoe Sale**  
**NETZORG'S**  
206 1/2 North Main St.  
2nd Floor  
Over Rowlands.

# CITY GOVERNMENT COSTS MORE THAN THAT OF STATES

Census Bureau Shows Starting Figures on Public Finances.

Big Deficits Pile Up Year After Year Despite Increased Taxes.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—Municipal government is costing the American people considerable more than does state government. This is one of the facts brought out by a preliminary report issued today by the bureau of the census on state finances during the fiscal year 1915.

In 29 of the 48 states the excess of expenditures for governmental costs, including interest and outlays for permanent improvements, over revenues during the year was \$55,283,404, or 83 per cent per capita. In the remaining 19 states the excess of revenues over expenditures was \$18,608,917 or 27 per cent per capita.

The aggregate revenues of all the states during the year were \$458,232,597; the aggregate expenditures for current governmental costs, including interest, \$399,714,285; and the aggregate outlays for permanent improvements, \$95,192,799.

For all the states taken as a group, the per capita receipts from property taxes were \$2.73; from other taxes, 98 cents; from earnings of general departments, 51 cents; and from all other sources combined, 43 cents.

The highest per capita property taxes, \$7.28, are shown for Arizona; and the lowest, 91 cents, for Missouri.

Expenditures during the year for governmental costs, which aggregated \$494,907,084, were, in the order of their importance: for expenses of general departments, \$279,303,094; for outlays, \$95,192,799; for interest, \$18,545,955; for expenses of public service enterprises (railroads, toll bridges, ferries, canals, docks and wharves, etc., maintained by nine states only), \$2,138,236.

Expenses of general departments comprised payments for education (schools and libraries), \$147,154,247; for charities, hospitals and corrections, \$89,189,400; for "general government" (legislative, executive and judicial branches) \$44,508,417; for protection to persons and property (police and fire departments, militia and armories; regulation of corporations, professional, occupations, labor, liquor traffic, sale of certain commodities, and weights and measures; protection of fish and game, etc.), \$26,294,691; for highways, \$22,767,766; for general and miscellaneous items, including pensions and gratuities, \$22,214,569; for development and conservation of natural resources, \$16,558,685; for conservation of health and sanitation, \$9,453,673; and for educational and general recreation, parks and reservations and monuments, \$378,646.

The average per capita expenditures for all governmental costs, including interest and outlays, in the 48 states were \$5.03. The highest figure shown under this head for any one state, \$12.17, is that for California; and the lowest, \$1.37, for South Carolina. The average per capita expenditures for all governmental costs, including interest but excluding outlays, were \$4.06, the highest figure appearing under this head for any state is that for Nevada, \$10.70; and the lowest is shown for South Carolina, \$1.81.

That the cost of maintaining the state governments imposes a relatively light burden on the shoulders of the taxpayers is brought out clearly by a comparison of state and municipal taxation and governmental costs. For the 204 American cities of over 30,000 population the average per capita expenditures for all governmental costs, including interest and outlays, during the fiscal year 1915, amounted to \$34.65; the corresponding figure for the states is but \$5.03. Of the cities the average per capita expenditures for all governmental costs, including interest but excluding outlays, were \$24.08, for the states, \$4.06. For the cities the average per capita receipts from property taxes were \$18.72; for the states, \$2.73.

greatest per capita excess of revenues over expenditures, appears for New Mexico, \$1.41; Minnesota, with \$1.32 in excess, and Illinois, with \$1.22, stand next.

The greatest expenditures over revenues shown, for any one state, \$27,721,264, is that for New York, the second highest, \$19,357,116 is for California; and the third highest, \$4,057,516, is for Maryland. The greatest per capita excess of expenditures over revenues, \$4.33, appears for California, the next highest, \$3.03, for Maryland; and the third highest, \$2.81, for New York.

The total outlays for permanent improvements aggregated \$95,192,799. Of this amount \$62,409,000, or nearly one-third, was spent for the construction of new roads and the permanent improvement—such as macadamizing or paving—of existing ones. In addition, \$12,440,122 was appropriated by the states to their counties, municipalities, and other minor civil divisions for use in the construction, improvement, and maintenance of roads; and a considerable portion of this sum was employed in construction and permanent improvement. The greatest outlays for roads by individual states were reported for New York, \$9,393,756; California, \$6,575,280; and Maryland, \$3,773,233.

The greatest per capita expenditure for construction and permanent improvement of roads, however, 2.82, was made by Maryland.

The net indebtedness (funds and floating debt less assets of general sinking funds) for the 48 states aggregated \$424,154,647, or \$4.31 per capita. The net indebtedness of New York alone \$125,461,357, represented nearly 30 per cent of the total and was far greater than that of any other state.

The net indebtedness (funds and during the fiscal year, for all the states combined, was \$64,464,944. Twenty states increased their net debt during the year, 19 decreased it, and in the remaining 9 there was no change. The greatest increase, \$42,430,918, was reported for New York.

## FIVE FUNERALS ARE HELD TODAY AND YESTERDAY

Loved ones in several families were laid to their last rest today. The Grim Reaper invaded many homes the last of the week and final services were held today.

Funeral services were held this afternoon at 2 o'clock over the body of James M. Horton, 34 years old, at the late residence at 1234 West High street, and were private. The Rev. C. H. Eckhardt, of West Market street, conducted the services. Interment was at Woodlawn.

The Rev. J. J. Miller conducted final services over the body of David Roger Davis, 24 years old, at the residence of the parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Davis, of 822 West Elm street, this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Burial was at Woodlawn. He was former bill clerk at the C. & H. D. railroad.

Funeral services were held Sunday afternoon at Kingsley Methodist church, south of Van Wert, over the body of Floyd Earl Thomas, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Thomas, who died Friday night at the District Tuberculosis hospital. Burial was at Van Wert. He was formerly a conductor on the city street car lines.

The Rev. A. D. Welty conducted services at 10 o'clock today at the residence of the parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Horton, over the body of Robert L. Horton, 12 years old, who died at his home in the Berryman addition, from typhoid fever. Interment was at Woodlawn.

## PAY YOUR TELEPHONE BILLS ON OR BEFORE THE 15th AND SAVE THE DISCOUNT.

CLAY WORKERS ADOPT NEW STRIKE METHODS

BRAZIL, Ind., Aug. 14.—One thousand clay workers are conducting one of the most unusual strikes on record here. They allowed an injunction to be taken against them in a federal court preventing pickets from interfering with strike breakers, or preventing them from using violence saying they would not fight the injunction because they did not want to violate the law.

Instead of picketing the plants, the strikers marched past the plants quietly, bearing banners reading "Come with us, we will protect you." Seven strike-breakers quit work after the first parade. Governor Ralston addressed the strikers at a meeting, complimenting them on the peaceful manner in which they are conducting the strike.

Wart ads in The Times-Democrat always bring quick answers.

## Nurses Now Carry Scourge Victims



After a New York policeman, in charge of an ambulance with seven helpless little victims of infantile paralysis on the way to a hospital, left them while he visited a saloon, the New York authorities awoke to the fact that a trained nurse

was the only person to care for these little children. Therefore, they were placed on ambulances, and this photograph shows the tender solicitude with which the nurses do their work. They care for the sick infants with real sympathy.

## Trade Council Tells After War Dangers

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—The committee on co-operation in foreign trade of the national foreign trade council which has been investigating the effect of the European war on American overseas commerce and the necessity of permitting American exporters the same rights to combine that are enjoyed by their competitors, today made public its report. It says, in part:

"In 1913 the per capita foreign trade of England was \$149, of Germany \$79, and of the United States only \$44. For 1916 it is estimated that that of the United States will be \$65 or \$58 without armament and firearms.

"This excess of export trade over the normal rests largely upon the following circumstances:

"(a) Abnormal war demands and prices for munitions, foodstuffs and raw materials.

"(b) Elimination of normal European competition through occupation of European factories in munitions production.

"(c) Loss of labor through enlistment or conscription and belligerent restriction of normal exportation.

"(d) Curtailment of investment of European capital in neutral markets, normally a stimulus to European export trade.

"These abnormal conditions having prevailed in the export trade for nearly two years, many Americans are in danger of relying upon them as permanent. No greater fallacy is possible than to neglect to expect, after the war, the following developments:

"(a) Cessation of war-demand and prices for munitions, reduction of prevailing high prices for exported foodstuffs and raw materials by reason of restored European competition, normal transportation and international movement of raw materials.

"(b) Resumption of normal European competition in home and neutral markets by reason of return of soldiers to industry and the lifting of military embargoes from exportation.

## BASINGER FUNERAL THIS AFTERNOON

Not for a long time has such a large funeral been held in Pleasant township, Putnam county, as that for George Basinger, C. H. & D. railroad brakeman, who died at St. Elizabeth hospital in Dayton, after receiving injuries when his train neared Miamisburg. Services were held at the country home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. David W. Basinger, two and one-half miles north of Columbus Grove, this afternoon. The house and yard were filled with relatives and friends of the deceased. The entire country-side, who knew Basinger from the time he was a youth, attended the services. Interment was at Zion's cemetery, not far from the home of his parents.

W. R. C. NOTICE.

Mart Armstrong Woman's Relief Corps, No. 94, will meet in regular session, Tuesday evening, August 15 at 7:30 in Memorial hall. All members who desire to attend the soldiers reunion at Ottawa, Tuesday, August 15, will take the 9:20 Ohio Electric car at Interurban station, corner Market and Central avenues.

NEW YORK—"New York is not very naughty. Bombay, Gomorrah and Sodom were just as bad," said the Rev. Dr. Cortland Meyers, Boston. He says to much gasoline and steak are consumed here and that there is no time for real thought.

## FOUR LIVES LOST IN DETROIT RIVER

Three Drowned at Bathing Beach; Fall From Boat Fatal to Another.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 14.—Four persons were drowned in the Detroit River this afternoon. Three of the drownings took place at the bathing beach at Belle Isle, while the fourth occurred on the foot of Chene street.

The three who were drowned at the Belle Isle were Charles Pasch, 25 years old, and his brother Edward, 23 years old and Chelney Lang. The other victim was Charles Huse, 35 years old.

The bodies of the Pasch brothers and Lang were recovered within a short time, and efforts were made to revive them by use of a lung motor, but the work was unavailable, cm but the work was unavailing.

The three young men had gone to the island shortly after noon. None of the three could swim very well and apparently did not know that at the spot they went in the river bed deepens suddenly a short distance from shore. All three were at some distance from any other swimmers when cries for help were heard.

Huse was rowing a boat and in an unexplained manner tumbled overboard hitting his head on the side of the boat as he fell. His body came to the surface only once. It was recovered an hour after the drowning within a few feet of where he fell in the water.

## MANY BATTLES FOUGHT IN HOTELS OF ALPS

BERLIN, Aug. 14.—The Swiss summer and mountain resorts are not deserted, in spite of the war. Some of them ever do a fairly good business. Englishmen, Frenchmen, Germans, Austrians and few Italians, together with a number of Scandinavians and a sprinkling of representatives of other countries have managed to come to the Alps to spend their vacations, but their number is, of course, much smaller than in time of peace.

To maintain a state of peace among their guests is a hard job for the strictly neutral proprietors of the different hotels. Although they are taking all kinds of precautions, it is almost impossible for them to prevent rows. In some of the hotels large signs have been posted, requesting the guests not to talk about the war, while in others the different nationalities are separated as much as possible.

"At meals the French, English and Italians, the Germans, Austrians and Hungarians and the neutrals have their own tables, but this does not prevent numerous clashes. Even the so-called neutrals quarrel among themselves, because their sympathies are either with the entente or with the central powers.

The proprietor of one large hotel had buttons made with the inscription: "Don't talk war to me," but the majority of his guests refused to wear them and the buttons soon found their way to the bottom of the trash can.

The most heated verbal battles are always fought by the French Swiss and the German Swiss. The Germans and English seldom clash; they simply ignore each other.

## Liver Trouble.

"I am bothered with liver trouble about twice a year," writes Joe Dingman, Webster City, Iowa. "I have pains in my side and back and an awful soreness in my stomach. I heard of Chamberlain's Tablets and tried them. By the time I had used half a bottle of them I was feeling fine and had no signs of pain." Obtainable everywhere. no-wed-fri

## CROWD SEEN DROWNING

KENDAVILLE, Ind., Aug. 14.—Walter Krisselmeyer, 20 years old, of Ft. Wayne, was drowned at Rome City while canoeing. A crowd saw the young man sink in 30 feet of water after the canoe upset. The body was recovered.



DON'T FAIL to SEE the GEBHARDT SOLITAIRE CLUSTER Before You Buy That DIAMOND.

Hughes & Son

## PEKING MERCHANTS DEMAND YUAN'S SONS SETTLE BILLS

PEKING, Aug. 14.—Now that the all-powerful father is dead some of the illegal acts of the late President Yuan's sons are coming out. In the days when Yuan was emperor-elect and was pushing on the preparations for his coronation the sons were in the habit of calling themselves princes and acting as such. They paid frequent visits to the best curio shops and gave liberal orders.

In this way the princes-to-be acquired a valuable collection of old porcelain and they omitted to complete the transaction by paying for the goods. Afraid of the princes' powerful connections, the dealers did not dare to demand money, but now that the Yuan regime is over and his sons are slightly more unpopular than anybody else's good-for-nothing where.

sons, the merchants are threatening proceedings in court if their bills amounting to several hundred thousand dollars are not paid.

In order to "save face" several "old servants" of the Yuan family are trying to compromise on a basis of paying 33 1-3 per cent of the bills but the latest information is that the curio men are holding out for a higher offer.

Just the Thing for Diarrhoea. "About two years ago I had a severe attack of diarrhoea which lasted over a week," writes W. C. Jones, Buford, N. D. "I became so weak that I could not stand upright. A druggist recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. The first dose relieved me and within two days I was as well as ever." Many druggists recommend this remedy because they know that it is reliable. Obtainable everywhere. mon-wed-fri

### The Deisel Co.

#### Special Sale of Gas Ranges

#### Tuesday Only

#### Basement Department

Jewel Gas Stove, large 5 burner table top, large 18 inch high oven and broiler, white enamel splashes, oven and broiler door, large high shelf and shelf underneath for utensils; this stove sells regularly for \$34.50. Special with gas connections and pipe for

**\$29.50**

Jewel Gas Stove, 5 burner, large top, 16 in. oven, heavy cast stove; sells regularly for \$16.50, complete with all gas connections and pipe for

**Special \$12.75 Tuesday**

### BE MODERN WIRE YOUR HOME!

## Modern Women Use Modern Methods In Modern Homes

Nowadays they tell us that housekeeping is coming to be an exact science. The women study food values, economical buying and in numerous other ways endeavor to raise their standard of effectiveness in their every-day work.

Doubtless, that accounts for the amazing popularity of Electric Service. Women have begun to doubt the old way. The next few years will witness a great progressive move toward better housekeeping and better homes—the natural outcome of Electric Service.

## The First Step Is to Have Your Home Wired

# The Ohio Electric Railway Co.

## F. J. MEYERS,

PHONE MAIN 5108. 108 EAST SPRING. WE DELIVER.

H. & E. Sugar, 10 lbs. ....	78c	Potatoes, pk. ....	15c
Flour, large sack. ....	\$1.90	Cala Hams, lb. ....	15c
Flour, small sack. ....	.95c	Pickled Pork, lb. ....	14c
Flour, Gold Medal. ....	\$1.10	Apple Butter, lb. ....	10c
Flour, Pillsbury's. ....	\$1.10	Apple Butter, 3 lbs. ....	25c
Matches, 6 boxes. ....	23c	Steel Cut Coffee, lb. ....	17c
Lima Beans, lb. ....	10c	1 gal. Apple Butter. ....	75c
California Beans, lb. ....	10c	Salmon, can. ....	10c
Spaghetti, pkg. ....	7 1/2c	Gas Globes. ....	7 1/2c
Macaroni, pkg. ....	7 1/2c	Gas Mantles. ....	7 1/2c
Kraut, 3 cans. ....	25c	Starch, 6 lbs. ....	25c
Post Toasties, two 15c		Corn, 3 cans. ....	25c
pkgs. for. ....	25c	Peas, 3 cans. ....	25c
Jersey Corn Flakes, 2 15c		A good Broom. ....	25c
pkgs. ....	25c	Fancy Rice, 3 lbs. ....	25c
Sardines, 6 cans. ....	25c		

# THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT

FOUNDED 1876 FOUNDED 1882  
 EMMETT R. CURTIN, President Business Manager, WARREN F. MEYER

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**WOODROW WILSON**  
 For Vice President  
**THOMAS R. MARSHALL**  
 For United States Senator  
**ATLEE POMERENE**  
 For Governor  
**JAMES M. COX**  
 For Lieutenant-Governor  
**EARL D. BLOOM**  
 For Secretary of State  
**WILLIAM D. FULTON**  
 For Auditor of State  
**VIC DONAHAY**  
 For Treasurer of State  
**CHESTER E. BRYAN**  
 For Attorney General  
**JOSEPH MCGHEE**  
 For Judge of Supreme Court  
**MAURICE H. DONOHUE**  
**JAMES G. JOHNSON**  
 For Judge of Court of Appeals  
**PHIL M. CROW**  
**KENT W. HUGHES**  
 For Member of Congress  
**BENJAMIN F. WELTY**  
 For State Senator  
**THOMAS M. BERRY**  
**GEORGE W. HOLL**  
 For Representative  
**CLOYD J. BROTHERTON**  
 For Auditor  
**THOMAS A. WELSH**  
 For Clerk of Courts  
**IRA F. CLEM**  
 For Sheriff  
**SHERMAN E. ELEY**  
 For Commissioner  
**J. I. LUGENBUHL**  
**J. A. MILLER**  
**FRANK WRIGHT**  
 For Judge of Probate Court  
**FRED C. BECKER**  
 For Treasurer  
**LEHR E. MILLER**  
 For Recorder  
**EMMETT E. FISHER**  
 For Surveyor  
**E. A. MILLER**  
 For Prosecuting Attorney  
**ORTHA O. BARR**  
 For Coroner  
**V. H. HAY**

## WHY RUSSELL?

Within twenty-four hours of the announcement from Washington that the treasury department has asked Congressman Russell to introduce a bill setting aside \$85,000 for a postoffice site for Lima, Republicans began to claim for Russell the credit for the new postoffice. As a matter of fact when the bill passes it will be with as much influence from Russell as though he were merely a funnel through which the legislation had been poured.

The first man to whom credit is due is Postmaster James E. Sullivan, who started out to prove to the federal postal department the need of a new and larger building at Lima. Later he finished this job and turned his attention to the treasury department. The second man is Senator Atlee Pomerene, whose intimate relations with cabinet officers placed him in a position to say a word for Lima when asked about the matter. The chances are that Russell never knew the investigation was going on.

The treasury department has merely asked him to sponsor the bill because he happened to be the fourth district representative. They would have asked any man in the same job. That was probably the first time Russell knew there was a measure contemplated. His connection with the bill is merely that of standing sponsor and of putting his name to the drafted bill handed him by the treasury department. After signing his name he will toss the document into the hopper, return to his seat, do nothing for a few months as in the past, and wait for the appropriations committee to report on his bill. Nothing he could say will hinder or aid the measure. He will not be consulted and his advice will be wasted. The department has decided on the bill and J. Edward has about as much to do with it as though he had never seen Washington in a representative capacity.

That's how much credit is due him. Any attempts to picture him as the father of the Lima postoffice will be mere S. O. P. campaign

moves—and about as reliable as G. O. P. campaign moves generally are.

## FROM THE G. O. P.

It is interesting to read the papers from various parts of the Fourth congressional district and especially the county-seat dailies, but the most interesting reading of all is at present to be found in the Republican organs. There, and nowhere else, can you find statements of Democratic discord.

Five of the six counties in the district are normally Democratic. In all of these there were spirited committee or county-ticket fights, and all were influenced to a certain extent by the Welty-Cunningham battle. As soon as the nominations were over, the G. O. P. dailies began to preach forth the idea that discord and disunion and schism were rampant on the Jeffersonian side of the fence.

Today they are predicting the reelection of Russell and the defeat of the Democratic county tickets in five counties. They are calling Candidate Welty "Ben Bolt", in an effort to represent him as merely the automaton of J. Henry Goeke. They are telling the Cunningham Democrats to "avenge their loss" and promising the Republicans a set of fine jobs next fall.

But that sort of talk is all in the Republican sheets. It is inspired for the sake of deceiving. It is written to stir up trouble in Democratic ranks. The men who write know it to be false. A survey of the district and of the counties in it reveals practically no trend toward discord and no antagonism between the rival camps in the committees.

The Democrats who "fall for that stuff" are certainly dense. The man who gets his Democratic politics from a Republican organ should take cognizance of the fact that the G. O. P. organs desirous of electing a G. O. P. ticket. The facts have nothing to do with it. It is the impression which they wish to convey. Anything which a Republican paper can do to raise trouble in the Democratic ranks will be done—and this in the face of the Herrick-Daugherty wet-and-dry fight and the independent candidacy of Mack against Willis.

Candidate Hughes calls for a federal amendment on suffrage. President Wilson says the matter should be left to the states. Which is right? Every man who has the franchise got it through his state. The states, not the federal government, abolished property qualifications. Every negro got his right to vote through the states. The federal amendment merely stated that no state could refuse to consider the freedmen as men. The federal government has never been able to get around the "grandfather" clause in the South. Every woman who votes in the West got her franchise from the states. Every woman in Ohio and the Eastern states that vote for school board members got that privilege from the states. Candidate Hughes will have a hard time proving that suffrage, left by the constitution to the states, is not a state issue.

If that strike ties up the railroad there will be a few observing persons to ask why it was staged during the opening of the campaign instead of during the past two years of discussion. "Anything to beat Wilson" is Wall Street's aim.

A contemporary in a nearby county-seat refers to the primary as a failure. It might be just as accurate to place the stamp of "failure" on the aforesaid contemporary's preliminary dope and the slate that was smashed at the polls.

GOOD EVENING. After selling for three weeks for cooler weather, how do you like this?

## Do Women Like Truth?

By Beatrice Fairfax

DO WOMEN want a mood of flattery and compliments offered them as tribute—or do they desire the finer tribute of honest, simple and, if need be, bitter, truth?

Does the feminine want even its medicine sugar-coated, or is it willing to swallow a bitter dose if that will prove curative?

On the attitude of the individual woman toward these questions depends whether she is to have true friends as she goes through life or whether she can hope for nothing better than acquaintances with women and flirtations with men.

The truth isn't always pleasant; how can it be? Life itself is far too bitter and grim a reality to make that possible. But the truth is curative. The people who tell it to you have taken the trouble to study you, to look at you squarely and fairly as an individual worthy their attention and interest, and to try to figure out what is for your good and advantage.

None of us can stand off and get a perspective on ourselves. All of us have unsuspected weakness and peculiarities, and little mental twists and turns which make us repellant to some and charming to others. But, uncomfortably, our

weakness may make us repel those whom most we desire to attract. Then what can be more valuable than a friendship which tells us honestly and loyally where lie our weaknesses and where our chances of improvement?

The friend who is honest with you—honest, frank and perhaps even brutal—is the true friend. The flattering sycophant who offers honeyed words is actually your enemy. He does not look at you through rose colored glasses and see you as better than you are, but he considers you a weakling and to be catered to and flattered.

Don't be cynical about the kind things people say to you; but take them with sanity and modesty, and try to accept in a spirit of sweetness adverse criticisms which may be about the healthiest dose any friend can offer you.

There is one of the qualities in masculine nature that enable it to stand more calmly than does the feminine life's wear and tear; men like flattery—but they can stand the truth. Some masculine weaklings adore compliments; but the average strong man prefers cold facts to fairy tales.

We women must cultivate in our natures a greater liking for honesty, though it be brutal.

rather dull. But after a week or two you realize that it is just such quiet spots as Compton that the roots of life strike deepest, that the individual is not swallowed up in the mass but stands out clear and isolated, that the drama of daily existence is played out on its merits, unobscured by over-much surface glitter and pretension.

WENTWORTH, N. C.—Snapping up the jury's verdict that J. W. Slaughter sentenced to 2 years imprisonment for manslaughter, he hired out during his term. Mrs. Slaughter secured her husband's services as a "convict laborer."

## TRAVELETTE

BY NIKSAH.

### COMPTON..

A handful of white houses, a church or two, a general store and a grain elevator nestling sleepily in fertile fields might be almost any place in Illinois, but in this instance they are Compton, a city in no way remarkable until you consider its inhabitants, whereupon it becomes as remarkable as any other collection of the members of this surprising human race.

Of course it has a city park, graced one week a year by a Chauntiqua and it has an enterprising store called the Compton Mercantile, a band concert once a week, and a row of whittling philosophers draped on the railings of the bank. One could go on indefinitely naming things similarly deserving of attention, but the one item most worthy of mention is Andy Compton.

Andy Compton is in fact considerably more than an item. He is a personage, unique and indomitable. In the first place he is the founder of the village, and in the second place he possesses much mysterious wealth, or so says local report. Handfuls of diamonds are popularly attributed to him, and bags and bags of gold. He lives alone in one basement room of his large frame house, where he pursues his ends in an uncommunicative way. He gratifies his ruling passion for horses by buying blooded colts and turning them loose in pasture, where they live joyous untrammelled lives until they die of old age. His passion for peppermints and lemons he satisfies by purchasing small quantities of these edibles and consuming them in the hospitable Compton Mercantile, where one may see him daily in a state of mild and beatific dissipation.

Compton village has a personality of its own, though the casual visitor might not suspect as much at first glance. It strikes you on arrival as a mild backwater of existence, rather hot, rather featureless,

—bless their dear little hearts,

## The Best Judges of Bread are Children

—and men and women  
 —and boys and girls  
 —and they all judge

STOLZENBACH'S FAMOUS

## Butter-Nut Bread

to be just about the BEST THERE IS in the way of Bread—FRESH, full-flavored (there's an added zest to the taste), clean and FULL of food value—EFFICIENCY.

TRY IT FOR A YEAR OR SO!

The Stolzenbach Baking Co.

MOVIE TICKETS IN ADDITION TO UNITED COUPONS UNTIL AUGUST 31st.



## HEALTHHINTS

FILTER IS THE SAFEST WAY TO PURIFY

It was once believed that running water purifies itself. Probably because a stream tumbling over the rocks looks bright and sparkling.

As a matter of fact, experience has shown that a rapid river is likely to be the most dangerous since in such a stream pollution will be carried most quickly from one point to another.

When water is stored for a long time in a pond or reservoir the disease germs die out, but even in lakes sewage may be carried for long distances quite rapidly by the action of wind and wave.

Filtration through sand, if properly carried out, will make even

polluted water safe, since the germs stick to the sand grains and finally die there.

The safest water supply, then, is one that comes from a good, deep well or one that is filtered by means of a modern municipal water filtration plant.

PAY YOUR TELEPHONE BILLS ON OR BEFORE THE 15th AND SAVE THE DISCOUNT. 848

Low Shoe Sale  
**NETZORG'S**  
 206½ North Main St.  
 2nd Floor  
 Over Rowlands.

## HOOVER-BOND COMPANY AUGUST SWEEP SALE

A feast of bargains awaits you at this great sale. 25% off on all articles of home furnishing. There are absolutely no old shelf-worn goods offered, nothing but the best and most dependable goods.

Mr. Newlywed:  
 Furnish your home at 1-4 the former cost. We will hold it for future delivery, if wanted.

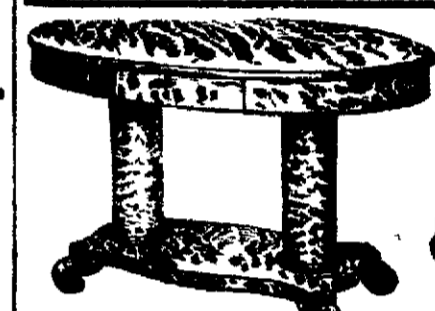


## Dining Table

This handsome 42-inch top pedestal Dining Table, solid oak, golden oak finish.

Regular Price ..... \$16.50

August Sweep Sale ..... \$10.50

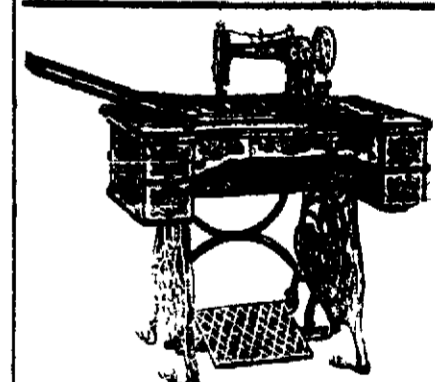


## Library Table

This beautiful twin pedestal Library Table, mahogany finished, large and massive.

Regular Price ..... \$25.00

August Sweep Sale ..... \$16.75

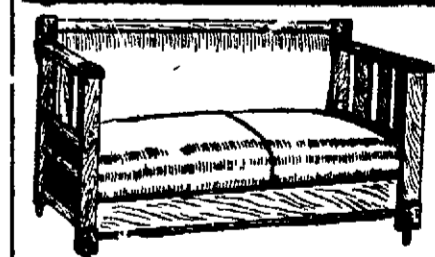


## Sewing Machine

This high grade Sewing Machine with drop head, finished in golden oak, four drawers.

Regular Price ..... \$25.00

August Sweep Sale ..... \$18.75



## Davenport

This elegant Bed Davenport, upholstered in genuine craftsmen leather, golden oak finish.

Regular Price ..... \$32.00

August Sweep Sale ..... \$26.25



## Baby Carriage

Our complete line of Reed Carriages, Sulkies, Co-Carts and Folding Cabs at a discount of 25%

## LAST Niagara Falls Excursion

\$7.00 ROUND TRIP from LIMA, OHIO. \$7.00

Wednesday, Aug. 16

Tickets Good Returning until August 29th, inclusive

—Via—

OHIO ELECTRIC RAILWAY, CEDAR POINT AND LAKE ERIE.

For full information and reservation of berths,

see Agent, or address

F. A. Burkhardt, District Passenger Agent, Lima, Ohio.

W. S. Whitney, General Passenger Agent, Springfield, Ohio.

LAST EXCURSION

## ASK

Someone Who Knows HOW GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP WORKS.

If you want to understand how city or national control of public utilities will work, look across the Atlantic, where it has been tried.

With one exception, every nation in Europe could be placed inside of some American state. With no exceptions, every city in Europe could be equalled by an American city.

In various European nations the railroads are owned by the governments. There is not a nation in Europe which can show the speed, service or equipment of the average American line.

In many European lands the city and interurban lines are governmentally-owned. In not one case can the traveller find the accuracy of schedule and regularity of service offered in the average American city.

In some European countries the amusement places, resorts, hotels and theatres are owned and managed by the governments. Those who have been across the Atlantic will call the United States the leader in every case.

The same thing holds true in the case of the telephone systems. Europe's government-owned 'phones bear the stamp of inefficient service and lack of proper management just the same as the rest of the utilities under political control. The time required for connections is several times as long. The time required for repairs is longer. The red tape obstructing rapid adjustment is more abundant. The service is handicapped by lack of funds. The equipment is in many cases out-of-date. The nations at war have been unable to get efficient service even at the front, where the vital interests of the nations are at stake.

The proposed transformation of the Lima plant into a municipal system offers food for thought along this line. If municipal ownership of telephones fails in Europe, why won't it fail in Lima?

Answer That Question Before Signing Any Petitions  
 The Lima Telephone and Telegraph Company.

## Woman's Section

THE LIMA  
TIMES-DEMOCRAT  
FOUNDED 1878 FOUNDED 1883

(Entered in the postoffice at Lima, Ohio, as second class matter). Published every evening except Sunday at 150 West High street by The Times-Democrat Publishing Company.

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SOCIETY EDITOR—PHONE MAIN 2495

MONDAY, AUGUST 14.

WEATHER—Fair to night and probably Tuesday; slowly rising temperature.

## REAL WORTH

SOMEWHERE, not long ago, I read in a fashion article that women were now very proud to tell how little they paid for a certain article of dress, instead of how much. But simply because the tide has turned in that respect, it does not change in the least the fact that women are eternally thinking of how to adorn themselves, and the more stylish she looks the better for her popularity. That is generally speaking, and that is, also, the idea that many of our young women carry about with them.

"The other day I beheld a woman," writes Cornelia A. P. Comer in "A Litter to the Rising Generation," "whose husband earns something less than \$200 a month, purchasing her season's wardrobe. Into it went one hat at \$50 and another at \$30. Her neighbors in the flat building did not cease to admire."

"From the thought of her, and her hats, I like to turn to a certain volume of memoirs, giving a picture of New England life in the first half of the nineteenth century ('Recollections of My Mother' by Susan I. Lescley). It is an incomparable textbook on the art of getting the most out of things. It sets forth, in such concrete, vivid fashion as to kindle the most reluctant imagination, the virtues of a plain living, high thinking, purposeful day."

"The delightful lady who is the subject of it found three dresses at a time an ample outfit and six days' sewing a year sufficed for her wardrobe; but she had a noble presence and what would have been called stately manners had they not been so gracious. Before the age of 20 she had read all the authors that were then best known, and she kept eagerly in touch always with the thought of her day. This did not interfere with her domestic concerns, as they did not narrow her social life. If she arose at 4 a. m. to sweep the parlors, calling the domestics and the family at 6, it was that she might find time for reading during the morning and for entertaining her friends in the evening, as she habitually did some three times a week. She managed a large house and a large family, and her wit, cultivation, and energy enriched life for everybody who knew her."

Alas! how many of us follow in the footsteps of the New England woman, and how many see themselves in the woman of the apartment?

## QUAKER QUIPS.

(Philadelphia Ledger)  
Many a married man's best friend is his wife's husband.

A girl would rather be told she is passing fair than that she is already past.

A pessimist is a man who always buys a return ticket on the road to success.

Fortunate is the man whose troubles are not worth the time it takes to tell them.

You never can tell. An innocent lie sometimes does less harm than a deliberate truth.

It isn't necessarily because a girl loves her enemies that she invites them all to her wedding.



## Society

Mario N. Nagle

It's when I'm over there among the people who have nothing, that it does me good to remember there are persons who live in James St. Buckingham Gate. I want to be sure that the beauty, and the leisure, and the freshness are somewhere not lost out of the world.

—Mrs. Humphreys Ward: Marcella.

MISS MARION SULLIVAN of south Jameson avenue will entertain this evening at the Elk's club complimenting Miss Parsons, guest of Miss Helen Thompson, with a dinner. Pink gadioli in baskets, pink shaded candles, pink nut baskets and artistic place cards will be used to carry out a pink color scheme.

Guests for the occasion include Misses Sullivan, Helen Thompson, Frances Parsons, and Lucy Cullen. Messrs. Emmett Curtis, Allan Brady, Paul Davis and Joe Gooding.

Mrs. Frank Leighton, Paul Davis and Willard Ohler returned today from a motor trip to Pittsburg.

The marriage of Henry E. Grady, son of Mrs. Elizabeth Grady of 633 North McDonnell street, and Rose Rumber, daughter of Mrs. Amanda Rumber of Harrison avenue, was solemnized at 8:30 mass at St. Rose church Tuesday morning. Rev. Father Manning performed the ceremony. The affair was a quiet one owing to a recent bereavement in the family of the bridegroom.

The young couple are well known and have a host of friends who extend good wishes. Mr. and Mrs. Grady left later in the week for Dayton, Ohio, where they will make their home for the present.

Miss Gertrude Harlitz accompanied by Miss Henrietta Wahmhoff of Delphos, is spending the week at Mackinac Island.

Miss Mary Woodruff has as her guest, Mrs. P. H. Kruttsch of Delphos.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Bluem, Mr. and Mrs. Virgil Kinsley and Mrs. M. F. Walsh left yesterday for New York City to attend the fall fashion openings.

Mrs. Albert Price is entertaining her mother, Mrs. W. C. Thompson of Wapakoneta. Mrs. Thompson will stay at the home of her daughter this week.

Miss Angela Duffey of South Atlantic avenue, left yesterday for Detroit, where she will enter the St. Mary's hospital, to take a training course in nursing.

Miss Mabel Faulkner is the guest for a few days of Mrs. Leonard Klump of Wapakoneta.

Miss Oread Wetherill of South Broadway, who has been instructor of a summer camp for girls at Elmira, N. Y., for the past six weeks, has returned to her home.

Mrs. Martha Imbler has as her house guest her sister, Mrs. D. W. Whitestone of Buckland.

Mrs. Frank Thomas and son, Mrs. M. S. Eymann, leave today for Georgian Bay and Mackinac Island.

Members of the Brotherhood of the First Lutheran church will meet this evening at the home of Mr. P. M. Driver, of West Market street.

Miss Madge Shobe entertained at the home of her parents, Friday evening celebrating her seventh birthday and the forty-seventh birthday of her father. Music, games and contests were the evening's entertainment which was brought to a happy ending with delicious refreshments.

Among the guests for the occasion were: Maudine Hubble, Loretta Mumes, Winifred Waldsmith, Gladys Brown, Zera Rhinehart, Marguerite Hildebrand, Juanita Waldsmith, Grace Hollingsworth, Hazel Rhine-

hard, Thelma Sherley, Ethel Shobe, Christine Hildebrand, Marie Hildebrand, Port Rhinehart, Oliver Brown, Mrs. Violet Friend, Mrs. Sarah Mooney, Mr. and Mrs. William Shobe.

Miss Orthelda Beaver, of Tipton, Ind., is the guest of her aunt Mrs. T. A. Dobbins, of South Pierce street.

Miss Helen Polser has returned after two weeks at Lakeside and Chicago. Mrs. Harriet Foster accompanied her is remaining throughout this week at Lakeside.

Miss Edith Kuhns spent the week-end with her sister, Mrs. Wilbur Merkle, of Wapakoneta.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest C. Baird and Mr. and Mrs. Paul Ashton, who spent the week at the Ashton cottage at Indian Lake, returned to Lima today.

Mrs. Henry Seebert, Miss Bertie Apples and Miss Gladys Seebert are spending several days at Mt. Clemens.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bradley and family and Miss Weesle Baker have returned from a six weeks motor trip through the New England states.

## GLOSSARY OF COOKERY.

The modern cook-book contains many phrase which are unfamiliar to the English-speaking housekeeper who has not studied other languages, and, unless she is acquainted through much usage with the meaning of the terms, she may be quite at sea as to their significance. Even phrases which she does comprehend often leave her ignorant of their source or the actual translation of the words. Here are a few of the best-known and most frequently used terms met with in the average recipe:

A la creme—with cream sauce or white sauce.

Au gratin—A sautéed dish, in which cheese is generally used.

Au naturel—According to nature.

Blanc mange—White food, literally.

Blanquettes—A white fricassee.

Canape—A sandwich, small and highly flavored, and used as an appetizer. It is usually served with an under crust (slice of bread or toast or water) only.

Casserole—An earthen baking dish.

Croquettes—Literally, crust. Small squares of toast.

Espagnole—A Spanish sauce.

Farci—Stuffed.

Fondue—A dish made of cheese and eggs.

Fanchonettes—Small pies with meringue.

Hollandaise—Dutch white sauce with egg-yolks and lemon.

Knoffel—Tiny dumplings of flour.

Krummel Torta—Crumb tart.

Layonnaise—A sautéed dish, seasoned with onions and parsley.

Maitre d'Hotel—Literally, master of the hotel. By the head steward.

Mayonnaise—A sauce originated in the French province of Mayenne.

Meringue—A frosting of beaten white of egg and sugar.

Mousse—A froth.

Parfait—Perfect. A frozen whipped cream mixture.

Pfeffer Nussel—Pepper nuts.

Puree—A soup thick with the mashed pulp of the article used.

Ragout—A highly seasoned meat stew.

Ramekins—Individual baking dishes.

Souffle—Lightened with air.

Tartare—Sharp.

Timbales—Cup-shaped.

## RUSSIAN SALAD.

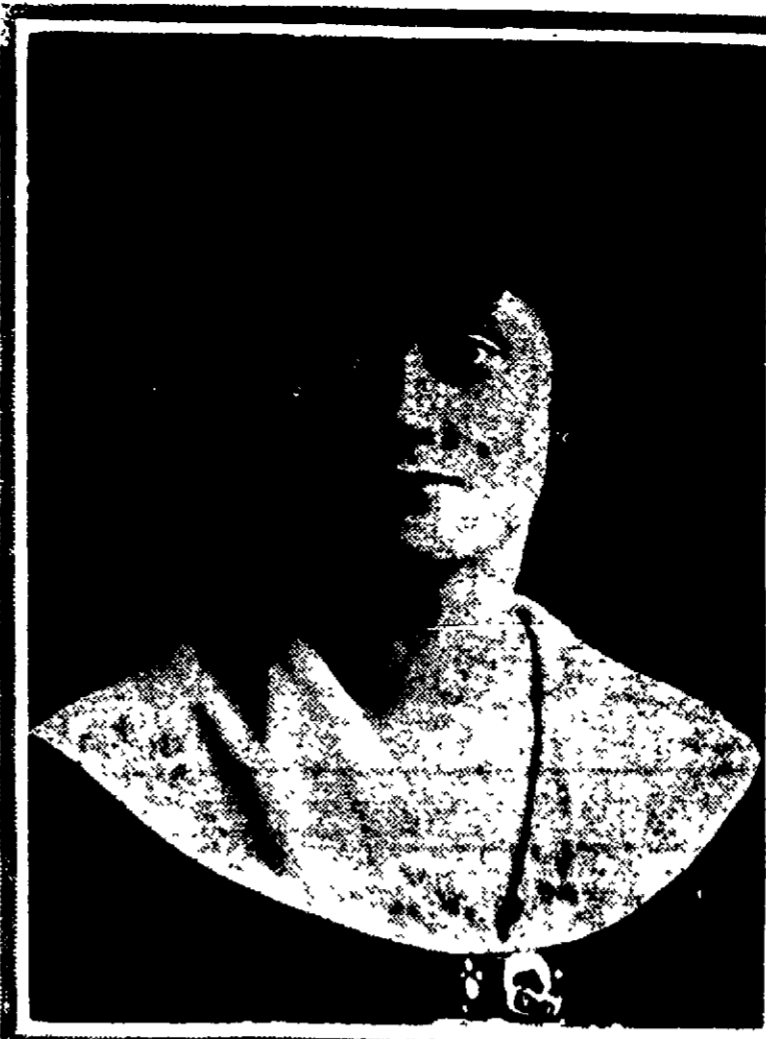
Cover 1-2 box of gelatine with 1-2 pint of cold water and soak for a half hour. Then add 1 point of boiling water, the juice of 2 lemons, 1 teaspoon of salt, and a dash of red pepper. Stand aside to cool but do not let congeal. Now dip a pan in cold water, put on the bottom a layer of cold cooked peas, then some

## A Washington Favorite.



CHARLOTTE STERLING  
Miss Charlotte Sterling, daughter of Representative and Mrs. John A. Sterling of Illinois, is one of the favorites of the younger set in congressional society at the capital.

## Daily Fashion Hint



A V-neck round cut collar which promises to be most fashionable this fall. This collar was one of the models recently

submitted by prominent American neck-wear manufacturers in an effort to standardize the styles for the coming season.

## "BIG FOUR" REUNION DATE IS THURSDAY

Bowsher-DeLong-Reichelderfer-Mowers to Hold Annual Rally.

The annual reunion of the descendants of the Bowsher, DeLong, Reichelderfer and Mowery families will be held on Thursday in DeLong's grove, near Cridersville. This is the twenty-first annual reunion. One thousand members of the four families are expected to be present. These four families are among the oldest to settle this part of the country.

A big basket dinner will be served at noon, picnic style, two and one-half hours being allotted on the program for luncheon. The afternoon session will not begin until 2 o'clock.

The following is the complete program: Opening Song, "America" Invocation, Rev. C. H. Eckhardt Music Address by President T. E. Bowsher Music Election of Officers Music Song, Rhea Duck Address, Hon. B. F. Welty Music

Reading, Luella Siferd Address, Hon. N. W. Cunningham Piano Solo, Mrs. E. W. Osenbaugh Song, Rhea and Vera Duck Miscellaneous Talks—Rev. C. H. Eckhardt, T. P. Riddle, H. D. Bowsher and F. A. Brkhardt, historian

Music, Cridersville Orchestra Song, "God be with You 'Till We Meet Again"

BRASS BEDS.  
Not the cheap flimsy kind, but real Brass Beds. Heavy, massive tubing, absolutely guaranteed not to tarnish.

\$65.00 Bed for ..... \$49.50  
\$80.00 Bed for ..... \$57.50  
\$87.50 Bed for ..... \$62.50  
\$127.50 Bed for ..... \$118.50

HARMAN'S PROFIT SHARING SALE.

## ISN'T IT AWFUL.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 14.—The girl who sits beside a young man in a hammock under the moonlight on a summer night should not believe all he says about love. And the young man should not believe all the girl says about the same subject.

For Rev. J. H. String, says it is not love but "gush." Moonbeams, he told his congregation at the Eighth Reformed church yesterday, are all right as an aid to Cupid, but proof of real love only comes through self sacrifice, unselfishness and kindness.

MARION.—The Rexroth family, of whom they are many in Marrow, Marion and other nearby counties, has decided to build a church and school house at Marut, Ind., as a memorial to the late Rev. W. D. Beal of Bucyrus who died when engaged in missionary work here.

Your wants can be found in the public. The people should help times want column.

## Low Shoe Sale

## NETZORG'S

206½ North Main St.  
2nd Floor  
Over Rowlands.

## MARRYING A BUTTERFLY

By MRS. EVA LEONARD

In Which Ethel Runs Away and Ralph Breathes a Sigh of Relief.

"W"HEN ETHEL awoke it was broad day light and the house was very still. She looked at her watch and found it was nearly 9 o'clock.

"Well, I wanted to sleep till after Ralph was gone," she reflected as she lay back on her pillow, "and I shall be gone when he comes home to dinner. I will never stay here to be slighted and punished as if I had committed a crime just because I bought a suit and had it changed. As if I would do anything else when I never have a dollar to spend. The 'dea' of his leaving me all alone all the evening and when he did come home and I waited up for him to go off to the spare room and leave me as he thought asleep. Mr. Ralph shall pay for that. I will run away some where and he shall have a nice little worry before he finds where I have gone." Ethel rose and dressed herself for the street.

"I have it!" she exclaimed, loud going to her purse. She counted the money. "There is plenty to pay my board down at Mrs. Tellson's for three or four weeks and Ralph would never think of looking there for me." She made herself a cup of coffee and a slice of toast, then sat down to write a note for Ralph to find when he came at noon. When it was finished she laid it where he would be sure to find it, then stood back, trying to imagine how her husband

would feel. It read: "Dear Ralph: I am going away. I can't stay where I am not loved and where I seem only to make trouble. I shall never come back till you really want me, faults and all.—Ethel!"

"There! That sounds demure enough," she thought, "but I think it will bring him to time. If I come back I shall make my own terms." Ethel's lips were pressed in a hard thin line.

She locked the door behind her and made her way to the station in time to take the morning train to Riverdale, where she hired an auto-livery to set her down at Mrs. Tellson's door, much to that good lady's astonishment.

When Ralph came home at noon he was surprised to find the door locked, and his lip curled in scorn when he read the note.

"Well, I can straighten things out here and have the comfort of an orderly house for a while," he thought. His foot accidentally turned up the rug near him and he gave a little snort of contempt as he discovered the dust and threads hidden from view that should have been taken up in the dustpan. "A woman who will practice such pharisaical neatness in her own home can be expected to be deceitful in other ways," he reflected.

He went to the icechest and found a disordered lot of fragments of food that were past being used. By the time he had scraped together a lunch and cleaned out the refrigerator it was time to return to the office.

"Well, my lady, if you stay away long enough, I can get your debts paid up. I think your going was a good scheme." (To be continued.)

## AMBULANCE TRIPS.

The Williams and Davis invalid coach made the following transfers Sunday:

Dr. William L. Lockhart was removed from the City hospital to his home at 610 West Elm street.

Miss Taubken was removed from the City hospital to her home at 463 North Elizabeth street.

Miss Margaret John, daughter of Charles Johns of Elida, was taken from the City hospital to her home at Elida.

Mrs. Frank Meade was removed from the City hospital to her home at 218 North Metcalf street.

Mrs. C. F. Hammer was removed from her home at 110 Miller avenue, to the City hospital.

Basil Fayargo was taken from the City hospital to his home at 108 North Central avenue.

Samuel Montague was taken from the City hospital to his home at 1212 Forest avenue.

Mrs. Florence Gallagher Long was removed on Saturday night from the City hospital, to her home in the Kalb apartments.

## Amusements

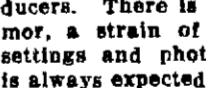
## THE FAUROT'S PICTURES.

Working from a novel and original story by Jeanie Macpherson the Lasky company has produced an interesting picture in "The Dream Girl," now being presented on the Paramount program at the Faurot.

Mae Murray as Meg of the slums is the center of attraction, and her work, as before possesses charm and versatility. It requires a considerable stretch of imagination to believe that a girl reared in the most sordid surroundings could be so deeply influenced by a volume of "King Arthur"—particularly in the twentieth century—but such a criticism looks at Miss Murray. The novel plot is handled skillfully by the producers. There is heart interest, humor, a strain of mystery, and the settings and photography are what is always expected and found in Lasky productions. Theodore Roberts gives another of his wonderful characterizations as Meg's father, James Neil, Earle Fox, Charles West and Mary Mersch have the other important roles.

"The Dream Girl" is accompanied by a lively and humorous Bray cartoon comedy, interesting animal studies by Prof. Dittmars and a review of current events in the Pathe News.

Last times tonight.



## FAUROT OPERA HOUSE

LAST TIMES TONIGHT

JESSE L. LASKY Presents

BEAUTIFUL

## MAE MURRAY

IN HER LATEST PARAMOUNT SUCCESS "THE DREAM GIRL"

By JEANIE MACPHERSON

Added Features:  
A New Paramount-Bray Cartoon Comedy  
"THE WILD AND WOOLY WEST"  
DITMAR'S RARE ANIMAL STUDIES  
THE PATHE NEWS.

Tomorrow and Wednesday:  
HAZEL DAWN & OWEN MOORE in "UNDER COVER"  
A Picturization of the Thrilling Dramatic Sensation.

Paramount Pictures

## NOW HERE, WHITE SILK BOOT HOSIERY

at 58c pair

Again we are able to offer you Whites which are so scarce, in this special quality of ladies' pure thread silk Boot Hose, with fine mercerized top, full fashioned and high apliced heel. Regular and out sizes, both white and black.

We also show a wide range of colors in regular sizes of this same stocking—Suede, Gold, King's blue, Pink, Light Blue, Copenhagen, Yellow, Emerald, Bronze, Greys, Navy, Red, Purple, Lavender, etc.

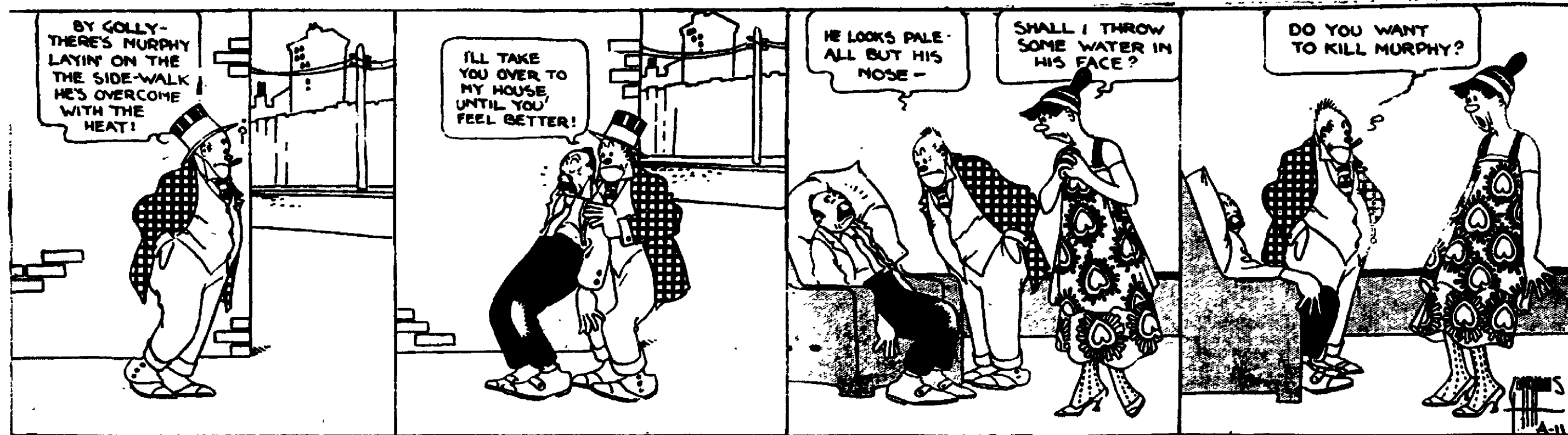
Feldmann & Co.

209-211 North Main Street.

## BRINGING UP FATHER

(Copyrighted, 1916, International News Service)

By George McMan



# Lima Wins From Shannons Third Time This Year

The Lima Independents defeated the Columbus Shannons yesterday afternoon at Murphy street park by a score of 7 to 2. It was the third time this season that the Shannons have fallen before the local club. Yesterday's game was a pitchers' duel up to the last part of the eighth when the Lima boys landed on the offerings of Drake and Sheer for a total of four runs.

In the first part of the game Drake seemed to have the Independents puzzled for they were unable to score in the first three rounds. However they pulled through with two in the fourth and from then on they were always in the lead.

Egan and McClellan received a warm welcome from the fans. The former responded with a terrific three base hit in the seventh. McClellan put up his usual good game at first handling eight chances without a slip. With the addition of these two sluggers the Lima club ought to be able to down some of the best teams in the state. Lima now has one of the hardest hitting teams in the business.

Reynolds proved to be the hitting star of the day, poling out a double and two singles in his four trips to the rubber. Egan and Flannery are credited with the longest hits of the day, each pounding the pill for three sacks. A running catch by Underwood of a line drive to right field proved to be the fielding feature of the day. Herring brought cheers from the crowd when he stole home in the eighth inning while Sheer was winding up.

Costello had an off day fanning three out of four times up. With the exception of Flannery, "Costy" is the only one that Drake could "whiz". Carroll pitched his usual clever game by fanning out eight Columbus batters. Although he walked three men and allowed five hits he was strong in pinches.

The double umpire system worked alright. Erwin called the strikes and balls while Willett gave the base decisions only. The Independents will try to win their sixth straight next Sunday when they meet the strong, Cakozee baseball club at the North Side yard.

Box score:  
Columbus AB R H PO A E  
G. Rhoades, 2b. 5 0 0 6 3 0  
J. Gleich, ss. 4 1 2 1 2 1  
Underwood, rf. 3 0 1 1 0 0  
F. Gleich, cf. 2 1 1 1 0 0  
Crum, lb. 4 0 2 8 1 0  
Davis, lf. 4 0 0 0 0 1  
A. Rhoades, 3b. 4 0 0 3 1 0  
Harm, c. 4 0 0 4 1 0  
Drake, p. 3 0 0 0 0 1  
Sheer, p. 1 0 0 0 0 0

Totals . . . 38 2 6 24 8 3  
Lima AB R H PO A E  
Costello, lf. 4 0 0 1 0 0  
Long, ss. 4 1 1 2 2 2  
Reynolds, cf. 4 2 3 3 1 0  
Herring, c. 4 1 1 1 1 0  
Egan, rf. 4 2 1 1 0 1  
McClellan, lb. 4 0 0 8 0 0  
Malloy, 3b. 3 0 1 1 1 0  
Flannery, 2b. 3 1 1 0 0 0  
Carroll, p. 3 0 1 0 3 0  
Xickey, p. 0 0 0 0 0 0

Totals . . . 32 7 9 27 8 3  
Xickey ran for Carroll in the eighth.  
Columbus . . . 14 0 0 0 0 10—2  
Lima . . . 0 0 0 2 0 0 14—7

Two Base Hit—Reynolds. Three Base Hits—Egan, Flannery. Stolen Base—Herring. Base on Balls—Off Carroll 3, Sheer 1. Hits—Off Drake 3 in 8 innings, off Sheer none in 1 inning. Struck Out—By Carroll 8, by Drake 3, by Sheer 1. Double Plays—G. Rhoades to A. Rhoades; Carroll to Long to McClellan. Sacrifices—Carroll, Herring. Wild Pitch—Carroll. Time of Game—1:45. Umpires—Erwin and Willett.

# Cincy Wins An Extra Inning Game Yesterday

CINCINNATI, O., Aug. 14.—In an 11-inning contest Cincinnati won the first game of the series from Chicago yesterday, 4 to 3. In the first inning Chicago took a three-run lead when Flack doubled and scored on Mann's single. Saver singled, stole second and both 13 and Mann scored on Archer's single. In the second inning Chase singled, Wingo walked and Nvala singled, filling the bases. Chase and Wingo scored on Louder's single. Seaton was then relieved by Prendergast who held the locals safe until the sixth inning when the score was tied with two singles and an error. In the seventh inning Griffith tripped and Chase and Wingo were

purposely passed, filling the bases. On an infield hit Griffith was caught at the plate, but when Elliott tried to complete a double play Chase scored the winning run. Archer and Kelly were both hurt and had to retire from the game. Score:  
Chicago AB R H PO A E  
Zeigler, 3b. lf. 4 0 0 0 2  
Flack, rf. 5 1 3 6 0  
Mann, lf. cf. 3 1 3 6 0  
Saver, lb. 3 1 2 2 0  
Mollwitz, 2b. 2 1 6 0  
Knabe, 1b. 3 0 2 4 3  
Archer, c. 3 0 1 0 0  
Elliott, p. 3 0 1 0 0  
Kelly, cf. 3 0 0 3 0  
Zimmerman, 3b. 2 0 0 0 0  
Wortman, ss. 4 0 0 1 3

# SPORT NEWS

BY HAROLD GENSEL

Seaton, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Prendergast, p.	4	0	2	0	1
Totals	42	3	13	22	9
Cincinnati AB R H PO A E					
Groh, 3b.	5	0	0	5	3
Roush, cf.	5	0	0	2	0
Griffith, rf.	5	1	2	1	0
Chase, 1b.	4	2	2	10	1
Wingo, c.	4	1	0	3	4
Neale, lf.	5	0	2	1	0
Louder, 2b.	5	0	2	3	2
Emmer, ss.	4	0	0	4	3
Mitchell, p.	1	0	1	1	1

Totals . . . 40 4 9 35 15  
\*Two out when winning run scored.  
Chicago . . . 300 000 000 00—3  
Cincinnati . . . 020 001 000 01—4  
Errors, Elliott (2), Wortman, Wingo.

Two base hit, Flack. Three base hit, Griffith. Stolen bases, Saver, Mann, Flack, Neale, Chase. Sacrifices, Zeidler, Elliott. Double play, Wortman, Knabe to Mollwitz. Left on bases, Chicago 10; Cincinnati 7. First base on errors, Cincinnati, 1. Bases on balls, off Seaton, 1; off Prendergast, 2. Off Mitchell, 2. Hits and earned runs, off Seaton, 5 hits, 2 runs in 1 inning (none out in second); off Prendergast, 6 hits, 1 run in 9 2-3 innings; off Mitchell, 13 hits, 3 runs in 11 innings. Struck out, by Prendergast, 1, by Mitchell. Passed ball, Elliott. Umpires, Rigler and Harrison. Time, 2:09.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 14.—Pittsburgh divided a double header here yesterday with the Cards when they dropped the first contest of the afternoon and won the second by a score of 9 to 5 in the fifth inning. Pittsburgh . . . 012 000 05 000—8  
St. Louis . . . 005 011 010 001—3  
Batteries—Katlansner, Jacobs, Evans and Schmidt; Steele, Meadows, Williams, Ames and Gonzales. Second game—  
Pittsburgh . . . 4 0 1 0—9  
St. Louis . . . 0 0 0 2 3—5  
Batteries: Harmon and Fisher; Watson, Long, Jasper and Snyder.

# Broadway Defeated at Convoy

Lima's only traveling team journeyed to Convoy yesterday and was defeated by the representative club of that place, the final score being 8 to 6. The Convoy team loaded up on the Broadways by importing a pitcher from Ft. Wayne. The Lima boys hit him safe 12 times. A running one-headed catch by H. Dickey was the fielding feature of the day. He also shared honors with Duke, each securing a triple and a single out of four throws at bat. Score:  
Broadways . . . 004 000 2 00—6  
Convoy . . . 002 014 1 1—8  
Batteries, King and C. Dickey; Sparrow and Ester.

# GREAT STATE LINE SALOON BRINGS \$30,000

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 14.—A saloon at Ninth street and the State line has just brought P. P. Haffey \$30,000. This was the price paid by Sam Josephson, who has been managing a saloon in the opposite corner at the state line.

According to brewers, this saloon is the third largest, in volume of trade, in the United States. Haffey declared he sold 3,000 kegs, or approximately 3,000,000 glasses of beer, there in 1915. Eight bartenders now are employed as compared to four seven years ago when Haffey took charge.

Most of the business is trade from dry Kansas City, Kansas. The bar is 76 feet long.

PAY YOUR TELEPHONE BILLS ON OR BEFORE THE 15th AND SAVE THE DISCOUNT. 316

NEW YORK—Anyone who feels that he has a \$10,000 brain may have it's future possibilities developed by our facilities, says an advertisement in a local paper.

# STANDING

American League.			
Club.	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	62	44	.585
Cleveland	61	48	.560
Chicago	62	49	.559
Detroit	60	52	.536
St. Louis	60	52	.536
New York	55	52	.514
Washington	51	55	.481
Philadelphia	22	81	.214

National League.			
Club.	W.	L.	Pct.
Brooklyn	62	37	.626
Boston	53	39	.578
Philadelphia	53	42	.560
New York	52	47	.525
Pittsburgh	44	56	.444
Chicago	46	59	.438
St. Louis	47	62	.431
Cincinnati	42	68	.382

American Association.			
Club.	W.	L.	Pct.
Kansas City	63	45	.582
Louisville	63	49	.568
Indianapolis	64	49	.568
Toledo	56	53	.514
Minneapolis	56	57	.498
St. Paul	54	55	.495
Columbus	44	62	.411
Milwaukee	33	75	.336

# YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American League.  
Cleveland 4; St. Louis 3.  
Detroit 9; Chicago 4.

National League.  
St. Louis 9; Pittsburgh 8 (first game, 11 innings).  
Pittsburgh 9; St. Louis 5 (second game, 7 innings, darkness).  
Cincinnati 4; Chicago 3 (11 innings).

American Association.  
Toledo 5; Milwaukee 2 (first game).  
Toledo 10; Milwaukee 4 (second game).  
St. Paul 3; Louisville 0 (first game).  
Louisville 8; St. Paul 1 (second game).  
Kansas City 4; Columbus 2 (first game).  
Kansas City 4; Columbus 2 (second game).  
Indianapolis 8; Minneapolis 5 (first game).  
Indianapolis 2; Minneapolis 0 (second game).

# GAMES TODAY.

American League.  
Philadelphia at New York.  
Washington at Boston.

National League.  
Chicago at Cincinnati.  
Pittsburgh at St. Louis.  
New York at Philadelphia (2).  
Boston at Brooklyn.

American Association.  
Toledo at Milwaukee.  
Louisville at St. Paul.

# BLAME SHARKS FOR RISE IN COST OF OCEAN FISH

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—The shark is blamed for the prevailing high price of fish. The fish commission is advised that scarcity of the finny tribe at practically all fish wharves along the Atlantic coast has increased the price in some instances 100 per cent over the figure last summer. Most of the fish at this time of the year is obtained from the New Jersey coast, and it is in this region that scores of the man-eating sea demons have been sighted. The sharks it is said have driven the fishes, principally butter fish, bass and trout, away from the fishing grounds.

## Organize Yourself For Defense

No matter to what extent you believe in national preparedness, you surely see the necessity of organizing yourself for defense.

A Savings Account is a standing defense. You are sure to feel the need of it. Everybody experiences at some time in his career either a sense of gratification that the bank account proved a friend indeed, or that the lack of one added bitterness to a bitter moment.

We cordially invite you to start a bank account here where your money is safe and earning a per cent compound interest.

### The Old National Bank

MEMBER NEW FEDERAL RESERVE BANK SYSTEM.  
OPERA HOUSE BLOCK LIMA, OHIO

## Low Shoe Sale

### NETZORG'S

206½ North Main St.  
2nd Floor  
Over Rowlands.

# Home Run By Roth Wins Game

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 11.—A home run by Roth, with one out in the ninth inning allowed Cleveland to defeat St. Louis, 4 to 3. Roth hitting the ball to the score-board in center field. The contest was a pitchers' battle, in which Lambeth and Davenport were very effective with men on bases. The support accorded each pitcher was very brilliant. Cleveland's double play preventing the scoring of runs. Roth drove in all of Cleveland's runs.

Score:					
	Cleveland	A.B.	H.	P.O.	A.
ct	Graney, lf	3	3	1	0
75	Chapman, 2b	3	0	3	2
02	Spaquer, cf	2	1	3	0
66	Roth, rf	4	4	0	1
14	Wambagans, ss	3	0	4	2
96	Turner, 2b	3	0	2	4
95	Howard, 1b	4	0	10	2
11	O'Neill, c	3	1	4	4
36	Lambeth, p	3	0	0	2

Rugby, p	0	0	0	0
Totals	28	9	27	17
St. Louis	AB.	H.	PO.	A.
Shotton, lf	5	2	2	0
Miller, rf	2	1	0	0
Sisler, 1b	4	2	1	1
Pratt, 2b	4	1	6	2
Marsans, cf	3	1	0	1
Severeid, c	3	0	3	0
Austin, 3b	3	2	0	1

The Tigers bunched hits off Scott, Williams and Russell, and this assault, coupled with two costly errors by Terry and J. Collins, gave them the game. Chicago had several opportunities to score, but failed to do so on account of poor base-running. Four times they lost runs through poor work on the bases. Cobb started two double plays, which retired two outs, and Veach started a

Lavan, ss.	3	0	1	3	0
Wellman, p.	0	0	0	1	0
Davenport, p.	2	0	0	1	0
Hamilton, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Wallace, ss.	0	0	0	1	0
Borton	1	0	0	0	0
Romer	0	0	0	0	0
Tobin	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	30	0	13	13	0

\*Batted for Lavan in 8th.  
\*\*Batted for Davenport in 9th.  
\*\*\*Ran for Rumer in 9th.

One out when winning run scored.  
St. Louis . . . 001010001—3  
Cleveland . . . 101000101—4  
Two base hit, Sisler. Three base hit, Miller. Home run, Roth. Stolen bases, Wambagans, Sisler, Miller, Marsans. Sacrifice hits, Chapman (2), Roth, Lambeth, Wambagans, Davenport, Miller. Double plays, Howard to O'Neill to Howard; Chapman to O'Neill, Chapman to Lambeth to Wambagans. Left on bases, Cleveland, 11; St. Louis, 11. First base on errors, St. Louis 1. Bases on balls, off Lambeth, 7; off Bagby, 1; off Wellman, 2; off Davenport, 5. Hits and earned runs, off Lambeth, 8 hits and 2 runs in 8 innings (none out in ninth); off Bagby, 1 hit, no runs in 1 inning; off Wellman, 1 hit, 1 run in 1-3 inning; off Davenport, 7 hits, 2 runs in 7 2-3 innings; off Hamilton, 1 hit, 1 run in 1-3 inning. Hit by pitcher, by Lambeth (Marsans). Struck out, by Lambeth, 2; by Davenport, 2. Passed ball, O'Neill. Time, 2:30. Umpires, Chill and Connolly.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14.—Chicago dropped back into third place yesterday when they were defeated 9 to 4, in the final game of the series with Detroit, while Cleveland won from St. Louis.

The Tigers bunched hits off Scott, Williams and Russell, and this assault, coupled with two costly errors by Terry and J. Collins, gave them the game. Chicago had several opportunities to score, but failed to do so on account of poor base-running. Four times they lost runs through poor work on the bases. Cobb started two double plays, which retired two outs, and Veach started a

BERLIN CREATES FUND TO BUY WAR PICTURES

BERLIN, Aug. 14.—The municipal art commission has decided to buy a number of paintings depicting great battles and historic incidents of the present world war. A sum has been set aside for this purpose. The paintings will be placed in the new museum of art which is now in the course of construction and the purchases are to be continued for several years after the war.

# Are You Risking Your Life or Health?



Best Antiseptic for Cuts and Sores Known to Science.



Mouth Wash and Gargle—Prevents Sickness, Preserves Teeth.



A Sick Room Necessity—Prevents Disease Spreading.



Washroom Nits and Lice—Lice and Fleas—Prevents Disease.

Do you use peroxide for cuts, sores, wounds or mouth wash when government reports show that it and similar products have absolutely no germ-killing power?

Do you use carbolic acid, bichloride of mercury or any other poisonous antiseptic or disinfectant, although records show hundreds of deaths each year from accidental misuse of such preparations and in addition why tolerate the awful odor of coal tar products?

Do you know that one of the greatest antiseptics, germicides, disinfectants and deodorants is now made by electricity from sodium chloride? It is Zonite and is absolutely non-poisonous, non-irritant, perfectly harmless, leaves no odor and yet is one of the most powerful germ destroyers and deodorants known to science.

Although Zonite has 100 widely different uses, its action is exactly the same in each case, that is, the releasing of chlorine when it comes in contact with organic matter. Any doctor or chemist is familiar with the remarkable results obtainable. Zonite is endorsed by eminent medical authority and various health boards.

# Zonite

The Non-Poisonous Antiseptic, Germicide, Disinfectant, and Deodorant.  
Kills germs on cuts, scratches and sores, preventing blood poisoning.  
Kills germs in mouth, preventing diseases and preserving teeth.  
Kills germs in bath waters and about house when cleaning.  
Kills foul odors in bath room, kitchen, garbage or anywhere.

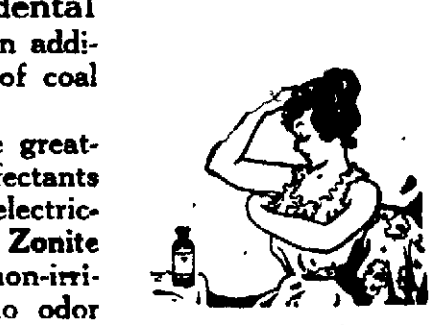
Zonite is the most economical product of its kind. Full pint, 25c; quart, 45c; gallon, \$1; at all drug stores.



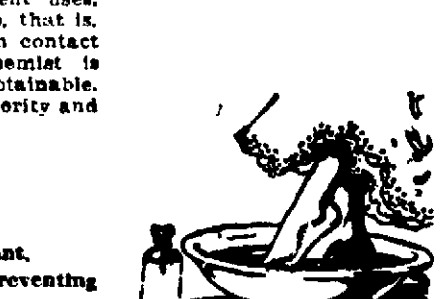
Purifies Refrigerators, Yet Does Not Spoil Foods.



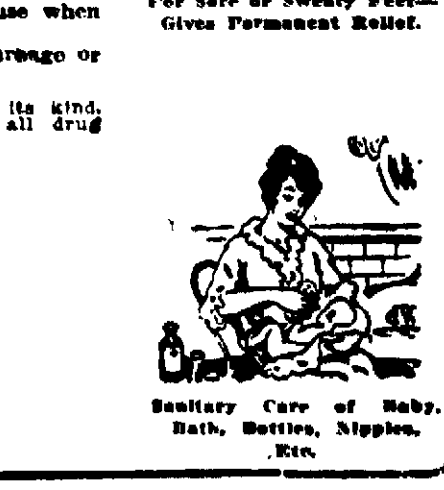
For Itching Scalp, Ridding Hair—Gives Permanent Cure.



Keeps Body Odors and Leaves No Odor.



For Sore or Swollen Feet—Gives Permanent Relief.



Sanitary Care of Baby, Bath, Bottles, Nipples, Etc.



## U. S. BATTLESHIPS TO TAKE 2500 MEN ON TRAINING TRIP

All Are Civilians and Purpose is to Create a Naval Reserve.

Recruits Pay for Their Own Clothes and Fare to the Coast.

By Frederic J. Haskin.  
WASHINGTON, D. C., August 14.—On August 15, nine American battleships will steam out of harbors on the eastern coast, carrying 2,500 white-clad civilian sailors on a naval training cruise. The ships will proceed to a rendezvous in the vicinity of Gardner's bay, Long Island, where they will be met through a three weeks' course of training in the technicalities of naval warfare. At the end of this time the navy department expects to have a naval reserve of several hundred trained sailors and marksmen who will constitute valuable fighting material in time of war.

Thus the navy has at last entered the preparedness program, usurping the center of the stage with all the grace and enthusiasm of its early football days. For the last six months we have heard much of Oglethorpe and Plattsburg. We have delighted in photographs of rookies riding horseback, rookies shooting and frying bacon and rookies bathing in the latest approved military fashion out of primitive tin basins until our one vision of American defense has come to be khaki. Now the navy is going to see to it that we hear a thing or two from Gardner's bay and renew our acquaintance with the white maritime uniform—after all the principal means of American defense.

When the navy department first conceived the idea of a naval training cruise for civilians, it did not seek the usual newspaper publicity method, but merely passed the word along among a few patriotic citizens in cities all over the country who were willing to give their time to the organization of recruits. For there was just a possibility that the ships might not be available at the prescribed time and the cruise would have to be called off. These citizens, however, made it a point to hunt up young men whom they thought would be eligible and send them to the nearest naval recruiting stations, where if they passed the necessary physical and mental examinations, they were enrolled in the cruise. When a sufficient number was obtained in any one city they were ordered to report at the navy yard so many nights a week where they were drilled by experienced naval officers. The drilling has been going on for several weeks now, and Assistant Secretary Roosevelt, who has just returned from reviewing a Philadelphia contingent, is immensely pleased with their work.

In all the cities where there are prospective crews, there has been a sudden and violent demand for sea literature, and the technical vocabulary of Captain Kidd and others is beginning to have a permanent place in local conversation. Now that the sailing date is so near there is great excitement, for the word battleship to the youthful masculine mind at least is synonymous with adventure. Owing to a splendid spirit of American patriotism, many boys are being allowed to go who would not have been able to had their expenses not been paid by private citizens. Each man on reporting on shipboard is required to deposit \$30, which goes to cover the cost of his board for the cruise and to provide him with the necessary outfit of clothes. Besides this, he must pay his expenses from his home town to the harbor where the battleship is stationed in many cases, this transportation charge is only 5 cents a fare, as when the recruit is fortunate enough to live in Boston, New York, Charleston or Norfolk, which are all to have battleships, but when he lives in Des Moines, for example, his railroad fare is something of an item.

The recruits from Portland, Maine, and Worcester and Boston, Massachusetts, are to embark at Boston upon the Kearsarge and Virginia; those from New port and Providence are to embark at Newport on the Virginia; those from New Haven, Albany, New York, Brooklyn, Newark, Scranton and Buffalo are to embark at New York upon the Maine, New Jersey and Kentucky; those from Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Detroit and Cleveland will embark at Philadelphia upon the U. S. S. Rhode Island; those from Baltimore will embark at that city upon the Louisiana; those from Richmond, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Milwaukee, Des Moines, St. Louis, Omaha, Kansas City, Dallas, Washington and Norfolk will sail from Norfolk upon the Illinois and the Louisiana; and those from Charleston and New Orleans and Houston, will sail from Charleston upon the U. S. S. Alabama. Thus a small fleet will make its way up the Atlantic coast, manned by the very smallest skeleton crews and 2,500 amateurs.

Upon boarding the ships the recruits will don their white uniforms, supplied by the navy, and their civilian clothes will be placed in storage. The only equipment which they must supply themselves is two pairs of black shoes, black socks, under-clothes, toilet articles,

etc. There is a barber shop on each ship and a ship's store where soap, tobacco, stationery and toilet accessories may be purchased. In these respects, the naval cruise has not the quick postal advantage of Plattsburg. When you are on a ship you are there, and no matter how much a recruit may desire his special brand of face soap which in the excitement of packing he forgot, the ship can not always be running into port for parcel post packages. The only time the ship is authorized to port is to deposit a delinquent recruit whose conduct is so incorrigible that it interferes with the discipline of all aboard.

The trip is in no way to be an idle pleasure cruise. Those recruits devoting their vacation periods to the training are likely to be a trifle hurt when they see the hammocks in which they are to sleep and the size of the decks to be cleaned and the other duties which will be their daily routine for three weeks. The navy department does not give house parties without elaborate calculation. Each recruit is to be assigned certain duties while aboard ship, and by the end of three weeks will be so familiar with naval terms and naval discipline that he will never prove ignorant or fractious in time of actual war.

Once arrived at Gardner's bay, the ships will take up positions for a series of strategic maneuvers and target practice, in which various war problems will be worked out. An imaginary enemy, for example, is sighted out at sea by a scouting vessel, and the ships are then placed in certain strategic positions for protecting the coast. The reasons for each move will be carefully explained to the men by the officers who will be on board to conduct classes in maritime warfare. Each recruit will be given practice in manning the guns, and real shots—at \$600 a shot—will be fired from the three- and four-inch guns, except when they are aimed at their own ships, in the role of enemy, and then the final electric firing button will not be pressed.

It is planned by the navy department to have the recruit devote a portion of each day to the study of special subjects, which will be largely optional, so that those who have a natural aptitude for such subjects as navigation, signaling, radio work, steam or electrical engineering, etc., may have an opportunity to specialize. Boat drills will be given and landings made, and the men instructed in the manual of arms and military formations. At the end of the training course, each recruit will be given a certificate signed by the commanding officer of his ship, "specifying the duties he has performed, the efficiency he has displayed, and the rating he is best qualified to fill, so that in case of war he may be fitted into his proper place without a preliminary period of experiment to determine his natural abilities.

During the final week of the cruise the ships will return to the naval districts, where they sailed and the recruits will be given a course of instruction as to the strategic qualifications of their own naval districts as well as its defensive problems. At this time all the owners of motor boats in the district, which have been examined and qualified by the bureau of navigation of the navy department, will be given an opportunity to operate in conjunction with the ships.

The small fast-moving motor boat has proved an important factor in the naval warfare of Europe, in which it has become a formidable opponent of the submarine. It is the motorboat, in fact, which largely put an end to the early epidemic of submarine warfare. Hence, the navy department in this country has arranged for the mobilization of all the private motor boats of the coast cities, to be at the prompt disposal of the navy in time of war. In this last week of the cruise they will be equipped with flags and small guns, whose guns are available, and put through a series of attacks on submarines. The naval authorities hope to have real submarines as targets, but if not, the American imagination will again be called into service and the vicious assaults be directed at an imaginary enemy. It is estimated that thousands of motor boats will take part in this demonstration.

On September 12, the ships will be back in the various harbors again and the naval cruise for civilians will have ended. The men will return to their regular occupations and routine life as before, only filled with a large sense of responsibility for their country and a knowledge of naval matters which will constitute a valuable reserve asset to the American navy in time of war. It is now the plan of the navy department to organize a civilian naval cruise every year, so that in time the whole American male population will doubtless be divided into contingents of khaki and white middie uniforms.

### MRS. E. REIGER DIES.

COLUMBUS GROVE, O., Aug. 14.—Mrs. Reiger, widow of the late Ephraim Reiger, died at her home on East Sycamore street, Saturday night at 6 o'clock. For some time she has been ill, but death is believed to have been induced by grief over the death of her husband, who passed away nearly four months ago. Since that time she has been critically ill.

The family came here from Sugar Creek township some years ago and located on East Sycamore street. Mr. Reiger owned a large farm in Sugar Creek township. He retired upon moving here. William Reiger of Sugar Creek township, Arthur Reiger of Dayton, Mrs. Benj. F. Seltz, Jr., Misses Loretta, Lenora and Edna Reiger, at home, are left.

## BRITONS AWAKE TO FARMING DEARTH DUE TO CONFLICT

Plan Reform in Agriculture and Encourage Movement Back to Soil.

Adopt New, Thrilling Slogan of "England Must Feed Herself."

LONDON, Aug. 14.—One of the effects of the war will be seen in a great revival of agricultural life in the United Kingdom. The outbreak of the conflict caught the British Isles dependent on foreign commerce for four-fifths of their food supply, barring meat, of which between 60 and 70 per cent is produced at home.

The motto of a few years ago, "Back to the land," thus has given way to the slogan, "England must feed herself." Lord Selborne, the leader of the crusade, declares that the attainment of this object is the country's sacred duty—and he emphasizes the point that the farmer can do as much for the country as the soldier in the trenches.

Plans for the great reform include a number of important measures that are to be put into effect at the earliest possible moment. They include the following:

1. The repopulation of the rural districts. The war office has just consented to the exchange of many of the older men who in the earlier days of the war left farm works for the firing line for men between 19 and 30 to take their places at the front. This exchange will begin immediately.

2. The setting aside of thousands of acres for the settlement on the co-operative plan of England's soldiers and sailors after the war. This expediency is provided for by the small holding colonies act, now half-way through parliament. The scheme will provide for model villages, better housing, with a garden to every cottage, reading rooms, libraries and good schools. Conceived by Lord Selborne, the idea has aroused so much enthusiasm that a wide demand has been made for increasing the land to be developed to it by almost as much again as is specified in the bill.

3. The importation of natives from South Africa for agricultural labor during the remainder of the war, though so many objections have been raised to this that there is little likelihood of its being adopted. It is believed that the plan for bringing back soldiers from the front will have the effect of providing sufficient farm labor practically immediately. In announcing the war office's consent to the transfer, an expert told the agricultural society that in England and Scotland, as well as in Ireland, the farms in many districts had fallen far below their minimum needs in the matter of labor.

The tendency to regard more seriously the country's capacity for growing larger crops is illustrated by the figures of the wheat, barley and oats crops in England and Wales. Wheat and oats were grown in larger quantities, though the barley crops were much smaller. There were 5,489,939 acres devoted to the three cereals in England and Wales in 1915, an increase of 248,044 acres as compared with 1914. The greatest increase in acreage was devoted to wheat, or 2,170,170 acres in all, the figure representing an increase of 362,672 acres (20 per cent), greater than in 1914 and 25 per cent greater than during any of the year between 1905 and 1915. Every country returned increased areas, the total for Wales of 11,823 acres (31 per cent) being the greatest.

The returns for 1915 give 2,088,047 acres under oats, an increase of 158,421 acres as compared with 1914, but only 24,869 acres above the average for the past ten years. The reduction of the areas under barley amounted to 158,421 acres, the total acreage of 1,331,722 being the lowest yet recorded.

Perhaps to no individual as much as to the Earl of Selborne is due the credit of bringing home to the people of all classes the importance of taking prompt means of making the country more nearly self-supporting in foodstuffs. In all of his addresses in recent years he has laid stress on the point. A practical farmer and enthusiast on his large and fertile tract in Hampshire, he has been able to meet the objections of opponents of expert knowledge to great advantage of his crusade.

As under-secretary to the colonies between 1895 and 1900, as well as during his term of office as high commissioner of South Africa, immediately after the war, he had further opportunity of enlarging his knowledge as to agriculture.

## Low Shoe Sale

NETZORG'S  
206½ North Main St.  
2nd Floor  
Over Rowlands.

"We want no nation's property. We mean to question no nation's honor. We do not wish to stand selfishly in the way of the development of any nation. We want nothing that we cannot get by our own legitimate enterprise and by the inspiration of our own example, and, standing for these things, it is not pretension on our part to say that we are privileged to stand for what every nation would wish to stand for and speak for these things which all humanity must desire."  
—WOODROW WILSON.

COMPLETE DINING SUITE FOR \$39.00.  
1 Buffet, 1 Round Table, 6 Leather Seat Chairs; solid oak; tumbled finish.  
HARMAN'S PROFIT SHARING SALE.

## PUBLIC FORUM

PROSPERITY—TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT?

Editor of Times-Democrat.  
One of the republican statesmen of Ohio, now a member of the United States Senate, predicted that if the initiative and referendum amendments to the constitution were adopted, capital would desert the state of Ohio. Let me give a few official figures.

In 1912, 2,122 corporations were authorized to do business in the state of Ohio with a net capital of \$180,721,278. In 1914 there were 2,363 articles of incorporation issued to new companies, with a capital stock that totaled \$134,411,200, which with the increase of capital stock of old companies aggregated \$225,549,970.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916, articles were issued to 3,356 new companies with a total capital stock of \$158,853,300. The increases of capital stock of old companies amounted to \$368,493,850.

These figures are from the official records of the auditor of state. None of these corporations is concerned in the manufacture or export of war material. Mr. Hughes might revise his views about prosperity, at least in Ohio, if he would consult financial statistics.

Bank clearances are pretty good barometers of business conditions, and these all show a highly prosperous condition of the country, aside from any exports of munitions.

N. C. A. RAYHOUSER.

### NOTICE, FOR SALE.

The Trustees of Grace M. E. church will receive sealed bids for the sale of the Grace M. E. Tabernacle, located at the southeast corner of Elizabeth and Kibby streets, up to noon of August 21st, 1916. They reserve the right to reject any or all bids. See or address J. E. DeVoe, secretary. 1217

## SOLDIERS TO MEET AT OTTAWA TUESDAY

Governor to Speak, Then Comes to Perry Picnic in Allen.

Soldiers of Putnam county and northwestern Ohio will hold their annual reunion on Tuesday in Ottawa, Governor Frank B. Willis of Columbus, will be the chief speaker. Governor Willis will come from the Putnam county town to Lima on Wednesday, where he will speak at the big Perry township picnic, to be held in the Bacombe grove at Stop No. 7 on the Lima-Springfield division of the Ohio Electric railway.

Other speakers will be the Hon. A. P. Sandler of Ottawa, who will have an interesting message for the boys in blue. Originally this association was known as the Putnam County Soldiers' and Sailors' reunion, but this year it was enlarged to include all veterans and patriotic societies in northwestern Ohio.

A big picnic dinner will be served. The program of musical and literary numbers will be of interest. Members of Mart Armstrong post and auxiliary, the Woman's Relief corps, who will attend the reunion, will leave Lima on tomorrow morning on the 9:20 o'clock car, over the Ohio Electric railway, out of the East Market station.

## LOCAL FIREMAN HAS FAST ENTRY IN WAPAK FAIR RACES

Bluegrass Lady, a mare just purchased by Otto Schick, popular member of the Central fire department will start on Thursday, at the Auglaize county fair, Wapakoneta. As she has negotiated the mile oval in 1:49, it is likely that she will be a stiff contender for the money.

Schick who has been connected with the horse-racing game for a number of years states that the mare is one of the best jumpers in this part of the country. She is a product of Latonia, Kentucky, as is the boy that will ride her. Week after next she is entered in the running races at Dayton.

### HOOSIER KITCHEN CABINETS.

We have due us on last spring's contract, 60 Hoosier Cabinets at the old price. While they last they will be sold at the old price—\$1.00 down, the balance \$1.00 weekly.

### HARMAN'S PROFIT SHARING SALE.

PAY YOUR TELEPHONE BILLS ON OR BEFORE THE 15th AND SAVE THE DISCOUNT. 816

## HIBERNIANS WILL RAISE \$1,000 FOR IRISH RELIEF FUND

It is the object at the big mass meeting of the Ancient Order of Hibernians on next Friday evening, to raise \$1,000 for the Irish relief fund and prominent speakers have been named for that occasion. The Rev. A. E. Manning, pastor of St. Rose Catholic church, Attorney James J. Weadock, and James W. Halfhill have been selected as orators. The meeting will be held in Memorial hall and will begin at 7:45 o'clock.

Eugene O'Keefe, county president, and his committee have arranged the program for the evening. Widows and orphans as the result of the recent Irish revolt, led by Roger Casement, will be especially benefited by funds raised, which will be sent to the headquarters of the Hibernians. They will turn it over to a board of trustees, made up of arch-bishops, who will see it reaches its proper destination. The general public is invited to attend the mass meeting.

### LIBRARY TABLES.

All marked at from \$2.50 to \$10 reduction, for HARMAN'S PROFIT SHARING SALE.

### NO USE FOR WALTER

COLUMBUS, O., August 14.—Forest Tipton, secretary to Gov. Willis, today said there is nothing to the report that Walter Brown, of Toledo, former Progressive leader, may be chosen chairman of the new Republican state executive committee. Other state officials also discredited the report. The strongest candidate for the chairmanship, it is claimed, are Charles Hatfield, of Wood county and D. Q. Morrow, of Highland. Hatfield is said to have the best chances.

### MOTORCYCLIST KILLED

YOUNGSTOWN, O., August 14.—One man was killed and two others injured, when a motorcycle collided with an automobile on Wilson avenue, East Youngstown. John Sosteric, driver of the motorcycle, was thrown to the pavement and sustained a fractured skull, dying a short time later. George Sosteric, his brother, and John Botham also received injuries which may result fatally.

### SWIMMER IS DROWNED

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 14.—Ralph Swartz, 22 years old, of Perysburg, jumped into 22 feet of water in Maumee river and drowned before two companions could rescue him. Swartz could not swim.

The Ohio Electric Railway Company will run their last excursion of the season to Niagara Falls on Wednesday.

## ALL TIRED OUT, STOMACH MAKING TROUBLE, LIVER NOT ACTING?

A Wineglassful of Tollo Water Will Make the Liver Act Freely and Relieve Your Stomach in Thirty Minutes.

Most cases of stomach trouble are caused by constipation, which clogs the liver. It does no good to dose the stomach with drugs when the real cause is not removed. When the bile tubes of the liver are clogged the bile is forced back into the system, causing constipation, stomach trouble, gas, heartburn, headaches, coated tongue and sallow complexion.

An occasional Tollo Water liver bath will remove all these symptoms. Will clean out the bile tubes, flush the waste out of the system and give your stomach a clean, fresh start.

Tollo Water is found at Dawson Springs, the famous Kentucky health resort, and has the property of dissolving the obstructions in the bile tubes and stimulating the action of the liver and bowels.

It will expel all the sour bile and waste matter from the stomach, liver and bowels in half an hour, then your stomach trouble will disappear and you will be able to eat what you like and enjoy it.

Get a 15-cent bottle from your druggist. Take a third of a tumblerful in a glass of drinking water before breakfast. It will make you feel better than you have in weeks.

## Women Know

that they cannot afford to be ill. They must keep themselves in the best of health at all times. Most of all, the digestive system must be kept in good working order. Knowing the importance of this, many women have derived help from

## Beecham's Pills

These safe, sure, vegetable pills quickly right the conditions that cause headache, languor, constipation and biliousness. They are free from habit-forming drugs. They do not irritate or weaken the bowels.

Women find that relieving the small ills promptly, prevents the development of big ones. They depend on Beecham's Pills to tone, strengthen and

## Keep Them Well

Directions of Social Value to Women with Every Box. Sold Everywhere. In boxes, 25c, 50c.

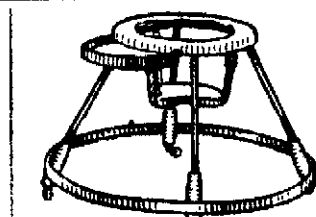
## THE SECOND WEEK ROWLANDS' IS HERE OF

BIG Discounts ON Everything



### Mrs. Potts' Sad Irons

The handiest way to do your ironing is to have irons with detachable handles. This set as pictured above, three irons of different sizes, we will put out the set, handles and base complete for only 98c



### Baby Walkers

Do not let the little one walk too soon. Let them learn how to walk by using a walker and avoid all danger of crooked legs and bent spines. You cannot afford to endanger your child's health and physical appearance for the price of this walker, which is only 98c



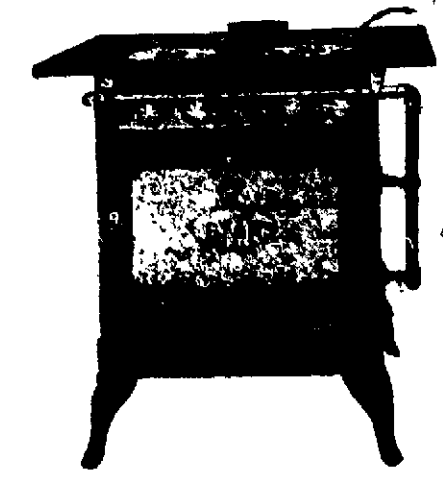
### KITCHEN STOOLS

Every woman has an opportunity to sit down while working in the kitchen. This stool solves the problem; can also be used as a small step ladder. A wonderful piece of goods for only 98c



### ROCKERS

A Rocker is perhaps the most used piece of furniture in the home. We have over 200 patterns on our floors at all prices up to \$65.00, but be sure to ask to see the large roomy, comfortable Rocker at \$1.98



## WONDERFUL Gas Range Special

If you are needing a Gas Range here is your opportunity. We offer you this large elegant Gas Range for cooking. A full sized, 18 inch oven with burners that are cored and drilled, at a price that you cannot overlook. The range is made of the best metal thruout, the top being of the very best grade of cast iron and the body being made of plished steel which will not rust. The valves are brass fitted and guaranteed to last. The front of the oven door is pure white porcelain, easy to clean and handsome to look at. We will set this range up complete for you, furnishing pipe, collar, damper and everything necessary for only \$14.98

## Steel Ironing Board

This large substantial ironing board made of bass wood, bolted construction and steel braced. We offer you during this most wonderful of all sales at the extreme low price of \$1.98

LIMA'S FAVORITE STORE  
**ROWLANDS**  
FURNITURE  
LIMA, OHIO  
YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD